The New Price List of Cycle, accessories, will be sent post free on request.
Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

EDITED BY
B. G. HORNIMAN, 1913—19.

# The Bombay Chronicle

FREE TO CYCLISTS.
The New copy of our Price List will be sent post free on application.
Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,
Tamarind Lane, Fort BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY
MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.

VOL. IX NO. 163 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1921. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

| Date | Steamer. | Tons. |
|---|---|---|
| 10th Sept. | DONGOLA | 8,656 |
| 17th „ | PLASSY | 7,846 |
| 24th „ | NALDERA | 15,825 |
| 1st October | *SOUDAN | 6,696 |
| 8th „ | MOREA | 10.890 |
| 15th „ | EGYPT | 7,941 |
| 22nd „ | CHINA | 7,952 |
| 29th „ | MALWA | 10.941 |
| 5th November | DELTA | 8.097 |
| 12th „ | KAISAR-I-HIND | 11,450 |
| 19th „ | DEVANHA | 8 092 |
| 26th „ | NARKUNDA | 16,118 |
| 3rd December | MACEDONIA | 10,512 |
| 10th „ | CALEDONIA | 7,572 |
| 17th „ | MOREA | 10,890 |
| 24th „ | MANTUA | 10,902 |
| 31st „ | PLASSY | 7,846 |

* NALDERA
* MALWA
* NARKUNDA
* MANTUA
* Through steamers from Australia

P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.
A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamers arrival.

SAILINGS TO THE STRAITS AND CHINA.

| Date | Steamer |
|---|---|
| 16th September | DUNERA |

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
To Port Said & Plymouth.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| about 14th November | MANDALA | S.246 |

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALAIN PORTS.

| Date | Steamer | |
|---|---|---|
| 23rd Sept. | NARKUNDA | Call at Colombo, Fremantle Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney. |
| 21st October | MANTUA | |
| 18th November | NALDERA | |
| 20th December | MALWA | |

REDUCED FARES BETWEEN BOMBAY AND COMLOMBO.

First Saloon single ticket ..... £10
Second Saloon single ticket ..... £ 7

A Special three-months holiday return ticket, first saloon only, will now be issued at £15. All these fares are payable only in Rupees at the current rate of exchange with a minimum of 1s. 4d.

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

| Date about | Steamer | |
|---|---|---|
| 16th Sept. | LHASA | Karachi direct |
| 12th „ | FULTALA | Karachi and Persian Gulf |
| 9th „ | CHAKDARA | Karachi and Gulf |
| 7th „ | CHAKLA | Karachi via Kathiawar |
| 21st „ | KAROA | East & South Africa |

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box 124.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD, AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE.
CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.
Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO,
16, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 163.
Telephone No. 1838.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Arrival. | Departure. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Malay Maru | Y.Saito | 26th Aug. | 13th Sept. |
| Saigon Maru | M.Sato | 8th Sept. | 14th Sept. |
| Ganges Maru | R.Yamanoi | 19th Sept. | 1st Oct. |
| Peking Maru | K.Yamaguchi | 7th Oct. | 15th Oct. |

For Freight and passages, apply to
SHIMA,
Manager.
Mallard Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan).
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

| Steamer. | Commander. | Tons. | Arrival. | Departure. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hakata Maru | Y. Tomioka | 5970 | 30th „ | 12th Sept |
| Morioka Maru | B. Taniguchi | 4809 | 13thSept | 25th „ |
| Tamba Maru | D Aoshiwa | 6846 | 29th „ | 13th Oct |
| *Yamagata Maru | Y. Matsuda | 3807 | 9th Oct. | 10 „ |

*This steamer arrives from New York, and sails for Calcutta via Colombo and Madras
*This steamer has no passenger accommodation.
For freight and passage apply to Nippon Yusen Kaisha,
Marsay Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF MORVI, LTD
(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)
HEAD OFFICE:—Fort, Bombay.
BRANCHES:—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Rs. 49,99,900
Reserve Liability for Calls ... Rs. 50,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds Rs. 2,53,000
CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 2 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.
STERLINGS DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.
GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.
STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.
All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
D. I. PAREKH & Co.,
Agents.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED,
(REGISTERED IN JAPAN).
(ESTABLISHED, 1880.)
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen. 100,000,000
Paid Up Capital ..... Yen. 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen. 58,000,000
HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Batavia. | Kobe. | Saigon. |
| Bombay. | London. | San Francisco. |
| Buenos Aires. | Los Angeles. | Seattle. |
| Calcutta. | Lyons. | Shanghai |
| Changchug. | Manila. | Shimonoseki. |
| Dairen. | Nagasaki. | Singapore. |
| Fengtien. | Newchwang. | Sourabaya |
| Hamburg | New York. | Sydney. |
| Hankow. | Nagoya. | Tientsin. |
| Harbin | Osaka. | Tokyo. |
| Hongkong. | Peking. | Tsinan. |
| Honolulu. | Rangoon. | Tsingtau. |
| Kai Yuan. | Rio de Janeiro | Vladivostock. |

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
S. OSUKA.
Manager.
Marsay Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 382.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.
Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 1,50,70,00
Paid-up Capital and Reserves ... Rs. 1,15,15,3
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... Rs. 3,81,12,4
BRANCHES:
London, Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.
SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazar 29, Apollo Street.
Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street, and Mandvi, Munjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bora Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Chandausi.
Cawnpore—Hathras.
London Office: 9, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/ interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed to Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.
PURCHASES AND SALES OF Securities and Shares effected.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

NOTICE to Savings Bank depositors from April 1st, 1921, interest on Saving Bank accounts has been INCREASED from 3 per cent. to 4 per cent. per annum.
E. D. E BUCKLEY,
General Manager.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 3.
BRANCHES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Amara | Bombay |
| Baghdad | Calcutta |
| Bahrein | Colombo. |
| Basrah | Hillah |
| Basrah City | Mosul |

Authorised Capital ..... £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £ 999,500
Reserve Fund ..... £ 266,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,905,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman,
J. H. Batty, Esqr.,
G. Gromley-Martin Esqr.
Emile Francqui, Esqr.,
Meyer Sassoon, Esqr.,
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
A. J. Raymond, Esqr.,
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.,
Narottam Morarji Goculdas Esqr.,
BOMBAY BRANCH.
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for short periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent., per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.
SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.
L. F. TUCKER.
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1895.

| | Rs. | a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| Capital Authorised ..... | 50,00,000 | 0 0 |
| Capital Issued ..... | 30,00,000 | 0 0 |
| Capital Subscribed ..... | 28,00,000 | 0 0 |
| Capital Paid-up ..... | 26,13,801 | 15 2 |
| Reserve Funds ..... | 15,80,851 | 15 10 |

Dividend at the rate of 16 per cent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.
HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amritsar | Hyderabad (Sindh) | Montgomery |
| Bombay | Jullundur | Peshawar City |
| Cawnpore | Jammu | Patiala |
| Calcutta | Jhelum City | Quetta |
| Delhi | Karachi | Rawalpindi |
| D. I. Khan | Kasur | Sargodha |
| Ferozepore | Lahore City | Sialkot |
| Gujranwalla | Lyallpur | Srinagar |
| Gojra | Ludhiana | Umballa City |
| Hapur | Multan City | Umballa Cantt |
| Hoshiarpur | | |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to.—
RAM DAS MEHRA,
Manager

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... $15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND ... £ 2,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND ..... $21,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ..... $15,000,000
HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE
65 Churchgate Street
OTHER BRANCHES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amoy | Johore | Saigon |
| Bangkok | Kobe | San Francisco |
| Batavia | Kuala Lumpur | Shanghai |
| Calcutta | Lyons | Singapore |
| Canton | Malacca | Sourabaya |
| Colombo | Manila | Tientsin |
| Foochow | Nagasaki | Tsingtao |
| Hankow | New York | Vladivostock |
| Harbin | Peking | Yloilo |
| Hongkew | Penang | Yokohama |
| Ipoh | Rangoon | |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 1 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.
GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.
F. E. GREEN,
Agent.

BANKING.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

| | Rs |
|---|---|
| AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... | 5,00,00,000 |
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... | 3,97,81,500 |
| CALLED-UP CAPITAL ..... | 60,00,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 18-8-21 | 59,76,150 |

HEAD OFFICE:
62-68, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
SUB-BRANCHES:
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS: Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANKS. Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.
Banking business of every description transacted.
A. B. OLIPHANT,
Ag. Manager.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 1865
(Affiliated with the P. and O. Banking Corporation Ltd.)

| | |
|---|---|
| AUTHORISED AND SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... | Rs. 40,00,000 |
| CAPITAL CALLED UP ..... | Rs. 35,50,000 |
| RESERVE FUND IN GOVERNMENT PAPER ..... | Rs. 35,50,000 |
| CONTINGENCY FUND for equalisation of Dividend, Provision for bad or doubtful debts, adjusting fluctuations in values of investments or etc. ..... | Rs. 5,00,000 |

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD.
BRANCHES.
Bombay, Bareilly, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Dehra Dun, Gorakhpur, Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Lucknow, Meerut, Mussoorie, Naini Tal, Nagpur, Patna.
SUB-AGENCIES.
Allahabad City Office, Amritsar, Aminabad Park (Lucknow) Benares, Cawnpore City Office, Chandausi, Fyzabad, Hathras, Hapur Lucknow City Office Lyallpur, Moradabad, Muttra, Rae Bareili, Sitapur.
CORRESPONDENTS. In all the principal Towns throughout India.
LONDON BANKERS.—The P. & O. Banking Corporation, Limited. The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS. Interest at 2 per cent. allowed on balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 100,000 provided the interest amounts to Rs. 5 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS. Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Small sums received. Copy of Rules can be obtained on application. Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the Custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realised. Loans and Cash Credits granted.
Currecy Notes of any Circle Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit account free of charge. Banking business of every description transacted. Copy of Rules may be had on application at the Head Office and at any of the Branches.
T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent.
Bombay Branch,
Allahabad Bank Buildings,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

| | |
|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital ..... | £1,300,000 |
| Paid-up Capital ..... | £1,050,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... | £ 750,000 |
| Reserve Fund ..... | £1,050,000 |

HEAD OFFICE.
14, Gracechurch Street, London, N. C.
LONDON BANKERS.
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bangkok | Hongkong | Kuala Lumpur |
| Batavia | Howrah (Calcutta) | Madras |
| Bombay | Kandy | Mauritius |
| Calcutta | Karachi | New York |
| Colombo | Kota Bhru (Kalantan) | Penang |
| Delhi | | Rangoon |
| Galle | | Shanghai |
| | | Singapore |

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.
T. H. BRIGHTON,
Manager.
Mallard Road, Bombay.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.
SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK
5%
*Investments mainly in or against Terminable: Government Securities and in securities admitted by the Insurance and the Trust Acts, thus Eliminating altogether, or Minimising to the lowest degree the danger of Loss or of Depreciation of Assets.*
It is not the bulk of Assets, but the Quality of Assets that counts for the Investor seeking a place for his unemployed balances
CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3% FIXED DEPOSITS 5% to 6½%
*Apply* DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, *Managing Director.*

THE INDUSTRIAL & EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED
7A, FORT STREET, BOMBAY
BRANCHES AT KARACHI RAWALPINDI AND SURAT Agencies in all parts of India
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 5 per cent.
FIXED DEPOSITS for short period, one year and more accepted, interest allowed for 12 months at 5 per cent. for 5000 and under and at 6 per cent on sums above 5000, special rate for large deposits Cheques or Receipts of any part of India accepted at par in long term deposits
ADVANCES MADE, OVERDRAFTS ALLOWED, CASH CREDITS OPENED ON APPROVED SECURITIES.
Bills for Collection accepted. *Every description of Banking business undertaken.*
SHARES AVAILABLE AT PAR.
G. P. Notes, Shares, Stocks bought and sold Free of Charge for Customers.
*Short terms deposits invited on favourable terms.*
Further particulars from:— KHOSLA & CO.,
Post Box 23, 'Phone 5395, Managers
INDIAN CAPITAL. INDIAN MANAGEMENT.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH AHMEDABAD.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... | 1,00,00,000 |
| CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... | 1,00,00,000 |
| RESERVE FUND ..... | 70,00,000 |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGH OUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Re. 1 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK Accounts opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
H. A. EVERINGHAM,
Manager.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED.
Head Office—APOLLO STREET, FORT.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| AUTHORIZED & ISSUED CAPITAL ..... | 10,00,000 |
| Paid-UP CAPITAL ..... | 10,00,000 |
| RESERVE FUND ..... | 97,407 |
| CONTINGENCY FUND ..... | 1,15,700 |

DIRECTORS.
Sir Goculdas Kahandas Parekh, Kt., Chairman.
The Hon Mr. Mahomed Hajeebhoy, (Messrs. Hajeebhoy Lalji & Co.).
Lalji Govindji, Esq., (Messrs. Bhucandas Govandji & Co.).
Naranji Dayal, Esq., (Messrs. Premchand Chhaganlal & Co.).
Krishnadas Goverdhandas Mandiwala, (Messrs. Sakharam Mancharam).
Gopaldas Tricumji Jivandas, Esq., (Messrs. Tricumji Jivandas), Managing Director.
CURRENT DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 5 per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 5½ per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 and upwards for twelve months. Rates for short term deposit may be ascertained from the Bank.
LOANS, CASH CREDITS AND OVER DRAFTS given on approved securities.
LOCAL DEMANDS BILLS collected free of charge.
Copies of rules may be obtained from the Bank on application.
GOPALDAS TRICAMJI,
Managing Director.

INSURANCE.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.
CALCUTTA.
Second Quinquennium Valuation Report & commends a Bonus of 1 per cent. on the sum assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April, 1922, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One Lac.
Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 42,00,000
The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.
Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office, or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.
S. B. KHOPKAR,
Manager,
Bombay Branch.
18, Hallett Street, Fort, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE Co LTD.
185, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN:
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, B.I.E.
Sir Hukamchand Saroopchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Bogra & Co).
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq., Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P., (Moolji Jetha Co.), (Ex-Officio.)
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely safe without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies—A boon to Policy-holders.
Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars apply to:—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
HEAD OFFICE
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.
This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy holders.
Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India.
For all forms of Assurance please apply to
P. BANERJEA,
Secretary.
BAR & CO.
Managing Agents,
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency, C. P. Berar and N.I.
202, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

According to the Gov. of India Insurance Blue Book.
The Oldest Life Office of Bengal.
THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED.
Established 1897
Funds and Assets over—Rs. 5,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 5,00,000.
Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee) is the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.
LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
This is the only policy holders office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before assuring elsewhere.
For particulars apply to:—
The Secretary, or The Chief Agents,
300, Bow Bazar, D. SEN & CO.,
Street Calcutta. 1 Chowringhee Calcutta.
Agency Applications Invited.

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—3 DIVERS, full dress, good experience in block setting, etc., required for six months. Applicants apply EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Dredging, Bombay Port Trust.
A C10793

WANTED—AGENTS for to sell the products of the Venus Chemical & Drugs Manufacturing Company, Kapadvanj Pay Rs. 80 to Rs. 100 plus commission. Apply to the MANAGER.
A C 10701

WANTED.—A CARDING and SPINNING MASTER for a Moffusil Mill, having good experience. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating salary expected to Box No. 7168. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 10747

WANTED—A good SHORTHAND-TYPIST on pensionable pay Rs. 130—5—200. Apply in person with copies of testimonials to COLLECTOR OF BOMBAY, Old Custom House, Fort, Bombay.
A C10790

WANTED—A well experienced BORING ENGINEER, capable of making deep bores with machine-driven Callyx drill. Apply starting terms and enclosing testimonials to the undersigned as early as possible. VISHWANATH R., Chief Engineer, Baroda State.
A C10795

WANTED—A GENERAL CLERK with knowledge of Correspondence, Typewriting, Gujrati and Hindi. Three years' agreement. Pay according to qualifications. Apply to Box No. 7174, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1280

WANTED—Educated intelligent gentlemen seeking larger salaries to apply for "Principles of Efficiency" enabling them to double their earning power. Posted free and without obligation, application to Efficiency. Post Box No. 52, KARACHI.
A 10753

WANTED—Applications for the Secretaryship of a known Weaving Mill Co. in Bombay. Salary according to qualifications. Apply sharp with copies of testimonials stating lowest terms required to Box No. 7091, Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A C1118

WANTED—An experienced CLERK for Mill Office, well up in Correspondence and knowing Gujrati Pacca Nama. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 125 according qualifications only experienced men should apply Box No. 7154, Advt. Dept., 'Bombay Chronicle."
A C1246

WANTED—CLERK for Commercial House with knowledge accountancy and typewriting. Salary according to qualifications. Apply in person ULTRAMARINE TRADING COMPANY, LTD., Wylie Road, B. Buildings, Byculla Club vicinity.
A R1305

WANTED.—AGENTS for selling shares of a coal and a cotton concern also to act as agents for selling coal in their places of business. Applications stating terms and references should be posted to Box No. 2329, CALCUTTA.
A C10778

WANTED—A qualified WEAVING MASTER with practical knowledge of handlooms. Salary according to qualifications. Apply stating experience and salary expected to the MANAGER, CAWNPORE DYEING & CLOTH PRINTING CO., LTD, Cawnpore.
A C10752

WANTED—An experienced STORE-KEEPER for Mechanical Stores, pay Rs. 200—10—300. Preference will be given to applicants with P. W. D. experience. Apply by letter only, with copies of testimonials to the EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Mechanical District, Matunga.
A C10769

WANTED—An experienced ENGINEER for Piles driving and construction of Reservoir and Salt Works at Velan in Kathiawar. Apply with testimonials stating salary required, to the GAEKWAR OIL & CHEMICAL CO., LTD., Great Western Buildings, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
A R10785

WANTED—Respectable and influential AGENTS for selling the shares of a promising Limited Concern on monthly salary of Rs. 100 plus 2nd class Railway fare. Only those who are ready to give guarantee of selling 100 shares of Rs. 25 each need apply to Messrs. RENBY & Co., 5, Pollock Street, CALCUTTA.
A C10755

WANTED.—An energetic and expert WEAVING MASTER of long experience for the Ahmedabad Spinning and Weaving Co., Limited, Ahmedabad. Must have previous experience of Indian mills. Apply with testimonials to RUNCHHODLAL CHHOTALAL and Co., Shahpur, Ahmedabad with the salary expected.
A C10771

WANTED.—A FIRST CLASS WEAVING MASTER for an up-country Mill. Must be competent to manage a shed of 1,000 looms and must have sound knowledge and experience in fancy colour and grey cloth weaving. Apply in writing with copies of testimonials, stating age, experience and terms to Box No. 7166, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A C10744

WANTED—Few influential TRAVELLING AGENTS on a monthly pay of Rs. 100 and Commission for U. P. Punjab and Bombay Presidency for our coal and oil mills department. Please apply by letter either to the MANAGING AGENTS at No. 8, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta, or to our representative Mr. K. MUKERJEE, New Sarder Asram, Sitaram Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay.
C10756

WANTED—One SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON as soon as possible for service in Somaliland Protectorate, on the following terms:—Terms of Agreement Three years; Pay Rs. 260 per mensem consolidated; Qualifications, candidates must have experience of at least 11 years. Passage, Free second class passage from Bombay to Berbera and vice versa; House Accommodation: Free quarters while in service or an allowance in lieu. Selected candidate will have to undergo the medical examination and obtain the physical fitness certificate from the Government Medical Officer, at his own cost. Apply to Messrs. COWASJEE DINSHAW AND BROS., 121, Medows Street, Bombay, with copies of testimonials.
A R1302

WANTED—AGENTS to introduce our Swadeshi goods in different markets of India, Commission very liberal: (1) Punjab-made Nibs and Knives, superior to and cheaper than foreign-made Nibs and Knives; (2) Ab-i-Hayat, a family registered medicine for all kinds of human diseases, officially recognised in Judicial judgments to be the best medicine, price Rs. 2 per phial; (3) Awan Tonic Pills, a guaranteed medicine for nervous debility. Over 25,000 testimonials received in last 15 years. More than 200 Agents already appointed. For particulars apply to:—THE MANAGER, AB-I-HAYAT PHARMACY, Pindi Beha-ud-Din (Punjab).
A 1159

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SOLE AGENCY WORKS of some good firm by an energetic, young Indian, well-up in business, proceeding to America. Apply sharp Box No. 7045, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B

WANTED—A COTTON SELECTOR of long experience seeks SITUATION in the mofussil as an Agent or a Factory manager, for particulars write to Box No. 7179, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1295

WANTED—SITUATION by an expert Carder and Spinner, having a long experience of 22 years, both practically and theoretically—highest references. Willing to join in a local or an up-country Mill. Please apply to Box No. 7187, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1312

## HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

TO LET—Newly pucca built big GODOWNS at Hornjee Hall, Mazagon Road. Apply owner there.
C R1301

TO LET IMMEDIATELY Office Premises in Fort, central situation, space available 3000 square feet. Apply Box No. 7178, Advt. Dept." "Bombay Chronicle."
C C10776

TO LET at Poona for Vegetarians only, a COTTAGE, fully furnished for the season. Apply to Box No. 7132, Advt. Dept., Bombay Chronicle."
C R1207

TO LET—Middle Colaba, facing Western Sea, Ground Floor of Patel House, Drawing, Dining and 4 Bed Rooms, good garden, Garage, etc., furnished. Apply R. CAPTAIN, 121, Esplanade Road Bombay
C C10758

GODOWNS TO LET.—At 426 Girgaum Road, Thakurdwar; Rent Rs. 50 to Rs. 500 per month; also, Motor Garages with all conveniences; also workshop for motor cars or other purpose. Apply:—DEVKARAN NANJEE.
C R1286

TO BE LET—GROUND FLOOR of Bungalow at Dadar Main Road. Two minutes' walk from G. I. P. Station. Airy and commodious. Electric fittings. Apply KHEROONNISABEGUM, Dr. Edroos House, 85, Harvey Road, Chowpatty.
C R1291

BALLARD ESTATE—Ground floor, suitable for show rooms and offices on upper floors in one of the best situated buildings with an all sea frontage on Ballard Road opposite Ballard Bunder near Mole Station entrance in AMARCHAND BUILDING are to let immediately in parts or whole floors at revised rents. For particulars apply to the owner on the premises in writing or personally daily between 12-30 p.m. and 1-30 p.m. and p.m. and 6 p.m.
B CR1239

## PROPERTIES FOR SALE

A well going medical concern is to be disposed of as the owner wants to retire. Apply Box No. 7173, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
G R1279

A COMMODIOUS BUNGALOW FOR SALE IN SIMLA—With several lovely building sites. Always rented and furnished. Locality sunney. Numerous fruit trees on the site. Also flower and vegetable gardens with lawns attached. For particulars apply to Messrs. RAM LABHAYA & CO., Contractors and Agents, Circular Road, LAHORE.
G C10802

VALUABLE WHITE STONE QUARRY AT MALAD.—Ten years' quarrying lease for sale. 2,500 square yards quarry land producing good quality white building stone. Price of stone Rs. 3 to Rs. 5 per cubic foot in Bombay. Very great demand. Lease for sale together with ten years' option on 5,000 square yards adjacent land, Rs. 5,000 will secure now and no further payments required for ten years. Complete outfit of quarrying tools, winches, cranes, wire rope and steam driven rock drilling machine can also be had cheap. Apply Box No. 7137, Advt. Dept., Bombay Chronicle."
G R1209D

## MOTORS & ACCESSORIES

FOR SALE. One Ford touring LORRY with ten passenger body lately build solid tyers in perfect running order. Apply to the BRITISH INDIA MOTOR CAR CO., New Queen's Road, Bombay.
JA R1282

QUICK SALE—OVERLAND 75 B, just thoroughly overhauled. New parts, magneto, hood, tyres, etc. Perfect running order. Excellent for use as taxi. Open to trial and inspection. First cheque Rs. 3,000 accepted. Owner leaving India. Apply Box No. 7185, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
JA R1310

## MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc

ABOUT fifty second-hand POWER LOOMS of various widths FOR SALE in excellent working condition. Write or see from 7 to 9 Mr. JAL ENTI, Petit Orphanage, Lal Bag, Parel.
K R1306

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE FOR SALE, brand new, best English make, Garrett, about 15 B.H.P. horsepower, great bargain, can be seen in Bombay. Rs. 4500 or near offer. Apply Box No. 7133, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K R1209

HOISTING GEAR—One ton, two tons, and three tons powerful spur gear chain blocks for sale. Very long chains, Fool-proof and self locking in any position. Easily worked by one or two coolies. Suitable for engineering works or motor works Can be seen working in Bombay. Apply Box No. 7136, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K R1209C

CART WHEELS—Twelve pairs, best English make wheels with hollow steel axles and gun-metal bearings. Very light and stron. Suitable bullock carts or water carts. Cannot break Rs. 500 the lot. Bargain in Bombay. Apply Box No. 7185, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1209B

## MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc.

FOR SALE.—Complete GINNING and PRESSING FACTORY MACHINERY by Nesmyth Wilson with or without buildings and land. One semi-portable compound Engine and Boiler of 60 I. H. P. by Messrs. Marshall sons 150 ibs. Boiler pressure. Apply FIROZSHAW & CO., Nesbit Road, Mazgaon, Bombay.
K R1277

TWO HOLLOW STEEL DERRICK CRANES FOR SALE, cheap. Light and powerful, Five tons capacity. Suitable for building works wharves, loadink and unloading heavy articles. Can be supplied complete with winches, wire rope, pulley blocks, guy ropes. strainers etc. Can be inspected in Bombay. For particulars apply to Box No. 7134, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K R1209A

## BOOKS AND STAMPS.

AN INDISPENSABLE AND AUTHORITATIVE GUIDE in Gujerati. Officially sanctioned for the Hospitals, Dispensaries and Libraries of the Baroda State. "Social Diseases. Genito-Urinary and Venereal Diseases of men and women, and Sexology." By Dr Naikhushru K. Dadachanji. Consulting Surgeon Specialist. The Genito-Urinary, Skin and Surgical Hospital, 237, Corner Grant Road, Bombay, 460 pages, 34 illustrations. Price Rs. 4. Obtainable from (1) "KAISER-I-HIND" Paper Printing Works, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, whence V.P.'s are despatched at Rs. 4-7 and (2) Booksellers.
L 9802

## EDUCATIONAL.

DARULULUM (Muslim School), Panchgani, RE-OPENED after vacation, arrangement made for admitting a limited number of new students, those desirous of sending their boys please apply sharp to A. K. WATSON, Principal, Darululum, Panchgani, or HOOSEINBHOY A. LALLJEE, 303, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
M R1276

EXPERT TUITION in Accountancy, Banking, Law, Secretaryship, Shorthand (100 days) and Typewriting, taught by a 20 years experienced Teacher. Service Guaranteed Special Shorthand Dictation Classes. Association of Book-keeping Teachers, and the Institute of Commerce Examinations will be held from 12th September till 28th September. Apply LENTIN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE 283, Hornby Road.
M R1309

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc. etc. Subjects—"Book-keeping and Accountancy. Typewriting, Shorthand and Short hand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.
M

INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE—Established 1906—Sound Training in Book-keeping & Accountancy, Auditing, Banking, Law etc., Imparted by Principals, A. J. Mukati and R. B. Bharucha (Late of the Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution); Fees Moderates, Enrolment Daily, Classes Morning and Evening, Kant. Terrace, Kalbadevi, Bombay Prospectus on Application.
M

## MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A COTTAGE PIANO FOR SALE—Excellent condition Rs. 550. Also table fan, pianola. Apply sharp R. D. PUNVELLI WALLA, Contractor Building, near Police Station, Lamington Road, Grant Road.
N R1300

## FINANCIAL.

WANTED CAPITALIST, who can invest few Lacs in Tea Industry. For particulars. Apply to Box No. 7165, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
E C10748

WANTED—A CAPITALIST to invest money in starting a Swadeshi Store on a large scale in Delhi. For particulars write to Box No. 7186, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
E R1311

A BUSINESSMAN, experienced in German and Continental Export-Import lines, desires joining a Capitalist to invest Rs. 50,000 or more. Shortly going to Germany to open an Office there. Sound connection with local dealers of Cutlery, Glassware, Hosiery, Chemicals, Stationary, Paper, etc. Apply Box No. 7182, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
E R1303

## FLOWERS, SEEDS, Etc.

LOOK FRESHEST GUARANTEED—12 packets Flower seeds Rs. 2; 12 packets English vegetable seeds Rs. 2; 12 packets Indian vegetable seeds Rs. 2; 12 plants young roses varieties Rs. 6; 12 plants young Crotons Rs. 6; 12 grafted mango plant Rs. 12 Price list free on application M. DEVAPPA & SON, Flowerists & Seedsmen, BANGALORE CITY.
C10677

## TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

SACCHARINE, to be disposed of just received Hermes Sealed 1 lb. tins saccharine 550. Case of 100 tins at Rs. 11/4 per lb. 50 tins at 11/8, 25 at 11/12; 10 at 12 lb. Apply F. D. MEHTA and Co., 85, Fort, Street, Bombay.
T R1304

SUIT length of Kashmir home-spun woollen Tweed 7½yds. by 24in., similar to Scotch or Irish, any shade, Rs. 11. Samples for As. 4. Paftu Hat, any shade, Hamburg, Rs. 2-8. Terai, Rs. 2-4. Ladies' Sambhur or brown colour leather bag embd. in coloured wool on either side, floral or antique design 10in. by 10in., Rs. 2-4. K. M. & FINE ARTS AGENCY, Srinagar, KASHMIR.
T R139

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Remington 7, Rs. 110, 125, Empire 2 ... | 140 |
| Oliver 3, Rs. 115, 125, Oliver 5 ... | 140 |
| Royal No. 6, Brief Size ... | 175 |
| Oliver 5, American Rebuilt, like new | 190 |
| Yost 20, latest, Brief, little used ... | 250 |
| L. C. Smith 2, Rs. 175, 5, 250, Rebuilt | 275 |
| Oliver 9, Rs. 190, Brief 225, Policy ... | 275 |
| Remington 10, Visible, 210, 275, Brief | 290 |
| Remington 11, Brief, Rs. 240, Policy | 290 |
| Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, 300, Br., ... | 325 |
| Remington 10, new, used few days ... | 375 |
| Underwood 5, new, used few days ... | 325 |
| Corona Folding No. 3 with Case, New | 225 |
| Ribbons, Carbons, Accessories, Repairs | |

NICOLLS & CO., Typewriter Experts. Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

## TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

WANTED—TEAK SLEEPERS 7ft. by 10in. by 5. Apply Box No. 7159, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T R1255

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Remington 10, Visible, 185, Brief fine ... | 215 |
| Remington 10, Rebuilt, 275, Brief ..... | 285 |
| Oliver No. 9, Rebuilt, like new ..... | 215 |
| Yost No. 15, little-used ..... | 175 |
| Royal Visible Flscap Size ..... | 125 |
| Empire No. 2, Latest, Brief ..... | 135 |
| 7 lbs. Fox Portable with Case New ..... | 175 |

We repair All Makes of Typewriters. Ribbons, Carbons, etc.
THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. 'Phone 4869.
T S

## TENDERS.

### NOTICE.

OFFERS are invited for the purchase of certain buildings etc. at Deolali lately in the Occupation of the Base Remount Depot.
A list of the buildings and conditions of sale can be obtained on application in writing to the undersigned.
The buildings are mostly of corrugated galvanized iron sheeting on country teak bullie framing.

GARRISON ENGINEER.
Deolali.
TA C10780

### BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

TENDERS for 400 tons of Cast Iron Pipes will be received up to 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on the 27th day of September, 1921.
Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant.
Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them by the undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
TRIVESS SMITH, M.Inst.C.E.,
Hydraulic Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 8th September, 1921.
TA C10782

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

### NOTICE.

WE offer under cost at the risk of the indentor 3 cases of Writing Paper as follows:—
432 boxes Wentworth Linen.
288 boxes Pinefibre Linen.
144 boxes Paramount Linen.
720 boxes Cambric Finish Mourning Paper.
Inspection given and prices, etc., quoted on application to—

SKIPPERS & CO., LTD.,
16, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
C10789

### RE: ANGLO INDIA & COLONIAL NAVIGATION, CO. LTD.
(In Liquidation.)

FOR SHARE-HOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company that notices to all the Shareholders who have not paid their allotment moneys have been posted to their registered addresses, but many of them have not yet paid the same. They are therefore hereby requested to pay the unpaid allotment moneys with interest forthwith, failing which, execution will be issued against them for recovery of the same at their costs in due course.

Dated this 31st day of August, 1921.

Per pro. N. H. Moos,
GIRDHARLAL H. MEHTA,
Official Liquidator.
C10711

### THE GAHAGAN PAINT AND VARNIS COMPANY, LIMITED.

Registered Office,
Canada Building, Home Street,
(P. O. Box No. 413). BOMBAY.

OUR SPECIALITIES.

GENUINE RAW LINSEED OIL, Genuine Pale Boiled Linseed Oil, Guaranteed free from Lead. Quick Drying Varnish Paints. Black Bitumastic Paints, Dry in 10 minutes. Aluminium Paint mixed ready for use, Cloth Stamping Inks in White, Black, Blue, Red and Green specially recommended for Textile requirements.
Packing to suit customers' requirements.
Prices and samples on application to
Managing Agents,
ALLEN BROS. & CO. (INDIA), LTD.

BEST CROWN STAMP.
HIGH CLASS HOLLAND MADE.
**COTTON BLANKETS.**
AT
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

White, Grey, Fawn Strawberry, Grey Blue, and Khaki Colors.

48 x 78 in. equal Re. 1-12-0 each.
48 x 96 in. equal Rs. 2-4-0 each.

RED BLANKETS.

48 x 78 in. equal Rs. 2-2-0 each.
48 x 96 in. equal Rs. 2-14-0 each.

COLORED BLANKETS

48 x 78 in. equal Rs. 2-10-0 each.
48 x 96 in. equal Rs. 3-8-0 each.

And a variety of other designs and shades to suit all purses.

**HARJIVAN VALJI.**
HIGH CLASS BLANKET MERCHANT,
17, Chunam Gali, Post No. 1,
BOMBAY.

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

### LAHORE MUNICIPALITY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of A. Secretary, Municipal Committee, Lahore. Pay Rs. 750—50—1,000 per mensem with a conveyance allowance Rs. 50 per mensem and benefit of Municipal Provident Fund.
Applications with testimonials, reference and full statement of experience and qualifications should be sent under registered cover to the undersigned to reach not later than the 15-10-1921.

(Sd.) C. M. G. OGILVIE,
Deputy Commissioner and President,
Municipal Committee, LAHORE.
Town Hall,
Lahore, 5-9-1921.
C10800

### NOTICE.

THE WEST INDIAN IMPORT CO., AND J. C. KARAKA.

ON and after the 9th Inst., the address of the above firms will be:—

NARANDAS BUILDINGS,
(2nd floor near Pathe's Buildings),
Ballard Estate.
R1296

### THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Shareholders who have failed to pay the First and/or the Second Call of Rs. 7-8-0 per share in respect of each Call due on the 15th of July, 1919, and the 1st of November, 1920, respectively, are required, in terms of the Articles of Association, to pay the Call or Calls together with interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from the due date to the date of payment on or before the 1st day of October, 1921, at the Head Office of the Bank, 5, Wallace Street, Fort, Bombay. In the event of non-payment at or before the time named, the shares in respect of which such Call or Calls were made, will be liable to be forfeited and NOTICE is hereby given that all shares, the Calls on which are not paid by the date named, will be forfeited accordingly and shareholders will remain liable to pay any sum or sums unpaid in respect of the said Call or Calls notwithstanding forfeiture.
Special attention of persons who have acquired shares by transfer and have not lodged the transfer deeds in respect thereof with the Company for registration is directed to this notice.

By order of the Board,
R. H. PARKER,
Secretary.
C10801

### THE APOLLO MILLS LIMITED AND REDUCED.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913
and
OF THE APOLLO MILLS, LIMITED, AND REDUCED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition presented to the Honourable Chief Chief Justice on the 2nd day of July, 1921, for confirming a resolution reducing the capital of the above Company from Rs. 50,00,000 to Rs. 25,00,000 is directed to be heard before the Honourable Chamber Judge on the 24th day of September, 1921.
Dated this 7th day of September, 1921.
THAKORDAS NANABHAI MERCHANT,
for Messrs. Captain and Vaidya,
Attorneys for the Apollo Mills, Ltd.,
and Reduced.
C10773

### GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

SALE OF THE VALUABLE SITE KNOWN AS THE OLD PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT STORES, BAKE HOUSE LANE, FORT.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the purchase of the right to a building lease of the above site for 999 years at an annual rent of Rs. 58-7-0 which is equivalent to a yearly rent of one anna per square yard.
2. The tenders must be received at the Office of the Director of Development on or before 21st September, 1921, and should be accompanied by a cheque crossed and drawn in favour of the Audit Office, Development Department, for an amount equal to 25 per cent. of the purchase price (935 square yards X rate per square yard offered). The deposits of those applicants whose tenders are not accepted, will be refunded to them as early as possible.
3. The purchase of the property must be completed within one month of the date of intimation, by the Secretary to Government, Development Department, of the acceptance of the offer to the applicant whose tender is accepted by the Director of Development.
4. The property is offered for sale subject to all rights of light and air, if any, affecting the same.
5. Intending purchasers may obtain particulars and conditions of sale and form of lease (the same as those adopted for the recent auction) and tender from the office of the Undersigned.
6. The Director of Development does not bind himself to accept or reject any of the tender nor to give reasons for the non-acceptance of any tender.
THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.
7. All that piece and parcel of land known as Old Public Works Department Stores, admeasuring 935 square yards or thereabouts bounded on the North by Bake House Cross Lane, on the South by the property of the Great Western Hotel Co., on the East by the property of Jaffar Allarakhia and on the West by Bake House Lane, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay under New Survey No. 9503 cadastral, Survey No. 133 and having a frontage of about 83 feet to Bake House Lane and a return frontage of about 98 feet to Bake House Cross Lane. It is situated in the centre of a closely populated Business Area and is eminently suitable for the erection of a block of Office Premises for which there is a large and unsatisfied demand.

(Sd.) K. B. DOCTOR, L.C.E.,
for Land Manager,
Development Directorate.
Old Custom House Yard,
Fort, Bombay,
24th August, 1921.
TA C10664

## LEGAL NOTICES.

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. N. H. MOOS, the Liquidator of the Anglo-India and Colonial Navigation Co., Ltd., (in liquidation) has contracted to sell to our clients the property described in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having any claim, right, title or interest, in or to the said property or any part thereof whether by way of sale, mortgage, charge, lease, trust, gift, inheritance, share, partition, maintenance, possession, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at their office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, after which period the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim which shall be then considered to have been waived and regarded as null and void.
THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:
All that piece and parcel of leasehold land, situate at Outram Road, on the Esplanade Estate of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust in the Esplanade Division of "A" Ward in the City and Island of Bombay and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, containing a total area of 2,241 square yards and be the same little more or less, together with the buildings, outhouses and all premises standing thereon and which is bounded by the North by Plot No. 78, on the East by Cathedral High School, on the South by Outram Road and on the West by Murazban Road, and which piece of land known as Plot No. 77 forms a portion of the lands vested in the Board of Trustees of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust and which said premises together with all buildings and outhouses now erected and built thereon are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 2/8463 and are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under "A" Ward No. 3485 (1) and Street No. 3.
Dated this 8th day of September, 1921.
CAPTAIN & VAIDYA.
C10781 Purchasers' Attorneys.

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2638 of 1921.

YUSOOF ISMAILBHOY ABDOOLA BHOY LALJEE ..... Plaintiff.
vs
ABDULLABHOY LALJEE and others ..... Defendants.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by an order made in the above suit by the Hon. Mr. Justice Pratt on the 4th day of August, 1921, our clients Messrs. JAFFER FUDDOO, of Karachi and Ebrahim Moledina, of Bombay, have been appointed Receivers to take charge of all the assets and outstandings of the firm of Abdullabhoy and Jumabhoy Laljee and of the various businesses carried on by the said firm whether in Indian or outside India including the business of the Indo Aden Salt Works and all properties moveable and immoveable belonging to the said firm and of all books of account vouchers and other documents relating to the business of the said firm with power inter alia to pay the debts due by the said firm.
All persons having any claims or demands against the said firm of Messrs. Abdullabhoy and Jumabhoy Laljee are therefore hereby required to send in their claims to the said Receivers at their office at Khoja Moholla, Bombay Post No. 3 within one month from the date hereof.
All persons owing any moneys or debts to the said firm of Messrs. Abdullabhoy and Jumabhoy Laljee or holding any securities goods wares merchandise chattels effects or things of what nature or description soever deliverable transferable or belonging to the said firm are hereby required to pay and hand over the same to the said Receivers at their office aforesaid within one month from the date hereof.
Dated this 1st day of September, 1921.
EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & CO.
Attorneys for the Receivers.

## AUCTION SALE.

### MESSRS MEHTA & CO.
Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists.

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT CAVEL STREET.

On MONDAY, the 12th September, 1921 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at the premises the undermentioned very valuable landed property under instructions from Messrs. N. C. DALAL and Co., Attorneys for the second mortgagee Mr. Lunidassing Khiyasing Laising and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Ramdas Maganlal and by virtue of and in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said mortgagee under an Indenture dated 26th October 1920.
All that piece or parcel of land of Fazandari tenure containing by admeasurement 217 sq. yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 606, New No. 2329, Old Survey No. 210 and New Survey No. 214 together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under ward No. 3652 and Street No. 19 and all which premises are situated at and on the Western side of Cavel Street Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and are bounded on or towards the East by the property of Ranchhoddas Amtha, on or towards the West by the property of Chaturbhuj Morarji and on or towards the North by the property of Alexandra Pereira and on or towards the South by the property of Kandas Manchharam.
Further particulars and conditions of sale can be had of Messrs. N. C. Dalal and Co., Attorneys for the said Mortgagee ,at their office No. 1, Ash Lane, Fort, or of the undersigned.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 10th September, 1921.

### BENNETT & CO.
120, Apollo Street, Fort.

On MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.). Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 120, Apollo Street, Fort, household furniture, crockery, dining tables, chairs, bedsteads, iron and wooden cots, lamps, phonographs, cane chairs, show cases, writing tables, reclining sofas, easy chairs, cupboards, etc., etc.
The above is now on view.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 10th September, 1921.

Digitized by financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra
on 10 April, 2017

## AUCTION SALE.

### CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS. BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 421.

WEEKLY SALE

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 12th September, 1921, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street Fort, the following:—

Household and office furnitures such as drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, arm and armless chairs, mirror door, cupboards writing and dressing tables, fancy teapoys cupboards, bookstands, chest drawers, etc.

By order of the Insurance Office concerned:—

270 pieces Japanese superior drill and shirting.

By order of the concerned:—

5 cases of tea dust.
6 cases of enamelled ware (Austrian).
5 cases selected chocolates.
1 case rivets.
Carriages, horses, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF SIGHRAM GHARI AND HORSE.

By order of B. N. Lang, Esq., Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate and effects of Insolvent Amedin Mowlabux Punjabi, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, 12th September, 1921, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.):—

One Shigram Ghari and one horse a nice going concern.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT KALA CHOWKY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Unwala, Pirojshaw and Papa, Solicitors for Goostad Khodadad Irani in pursuant to the decree made on the 12th February 1921, in Suit No. 3096 of 1921, Goostad Khodabad Irani vs. Hajee Ismail Hajee Yusuf, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned valuable property on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser the said Hajee Ismail Yusuf on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of September 1921, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground, situate at Kala Chawki Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 870 8/9 square yards or thereabout, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. New Nos. Old Survey No. New Survey No 2308, together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward F Nos. 1071, 10, 10A and 10B, Street Nos. 31, 31 and 31 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Western India Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ltd., on or towards the West by the property of Mahomed Marloo on or towards the North by a sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of the said Western India Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited and on or towards the South by the said Kala Chawki Road, and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of the Vendor.

For further particulars of sale apply to Messrs. Unwala Pirojshaw and Papa, Solicitors, at their Office, 48 Medows Street, or the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 10th September, 1921.

### J. S MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

89, Apollo Street Fort,
Telephone No. 2493.

AUCTION SALE of landed properties at Two Tanks on Grant Road.

On WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of September, 1921 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auctions on the premises under instructions from Messrs. Vachha and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee Mr. Bomanji Adarji Engineer and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Malhari Satvaji Patel and also on account and at the risk of Esmail Haji Juaab, purchaser of the Equity of Redemption and in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagee under the Indenture of Mortgage dated 15th March 1919 and made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other part the undermentioned properties viz:—

FIRSTLY—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground out of which 251 sq. yards is quit and ground rent tenures and 493 3/9 square yards is of sanadi tenure together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Grant Road outside the Fort of Bombay within the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement in all 744 3/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 3124 and 4196 New Nos. 10020 and 11158, old Survey Nos. 4468 and 4619 New Survey Nos. 5738 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Waard No. 34-35-36 (1) and Street Nos. 207 and 1—2 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by the property secondly described on or towards the South by the public road called Grant Road on or towards the East by the property of Thuker Narsidas and on or towards the West by the North-Brook Street.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land of quit and ground rent tenure with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Grant Road aforesaid in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 269 6/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue together with the property firstly described under Old Nos. 3124 and 4918 New Nos. 10020 and 11158 Old Survey Nos. 4468 and 4619, New Survey Nos. 5738 and bounded as follows on the East by the sweeper's passage on the West by the North-Brook Street on the North by the property of Sultan Subhedar and on the South by the property herein before firstly described which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under E Ward 797, Street No. 983.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Vachha and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office 267 Hornby Road Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 10th September, 1921.

ZANGI is the latest improved fountain Pen. Pens sold in 1916 still work good. Parts always available. Idle or unsuitable pens impossible. V. P. on 7 days, approval. ZANGI Safety Screw Cap 6/4 propelling or Self-filling 7/ Calendar Clip Ans. 8.
ALL MAKES OF PENS REPAIRED
Factory Safee Co., No. 10 Darya Ganj, Delhi

## AUCTION SALE.

### MESSRS SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.)

SALE OF COTTON CORDAGE, SAND BAGS AND MISCELLANEOUS.

By order of the Controller (Sales) Surplus Government Stores.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will by order of the Controller (Sales) Surplus Government Stores and on account and at the risk of the following defaulting purchasers sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 15th September, 1921 at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Haji Bunder, Sewri:—

On account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Mr N. C. Kantawalla goods bought on the 25th August, 1921.

Lot No. 6:—1 lot tents bags.
1 lot canvas bags assorted.

On account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser Mr. Abdul Reheman Jooma the goods bought on 25th August, 1921.

Lot No. 12/15 & 15A:—A large quantity of rum jars.

On account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser Mr. Geenoobhoy Essubhoy, the goods bought on 25/8/21.

Lot No. 19:—1 lot of cable carriers mule.

On account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser Mr. Husen Dharsey, the goods bought on 25-8-21.

Lot No. 26:—1 lot of Hampers leather.
1 lot of Ammunition boxes empty.
Lot No. 27:—1 lot of Scrap iron.

On account and at the risk of Mr. Husen Dharsey, the gods bought on 28th July, 1921.

Lot No. 40:—1 lot Glue Cownpore.

On account and at the risk of Shivji Valji the goods bought on 11/8/21.

Lot No. 5—1 lot suletahs.

On account and at the risk of Mr. Kamroodin Kaderbhoy the goods bought on 11-8-21

Lot No. 7:—1 lot Suletahs.

On account and at the risk of Mr Essufali Karimji the goods bought on 11-8-21.

Lot No. 8:—1 lot suletahs.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the buyer and the balances and cash shall be paid within seven days and the goods removed within 14 days from the date of sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 10th September, 1921.

Shirts (negligé Soft) .. Rs. 1-8 per doz
,, (Dress) .. .. ,, 3 ,, ,,
,, (New) .. .. ,, 3 ,, ,,
LAUNDERED READY FOR WEAR
at the
Diamond Jubilee Washing Co
Hamam Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

APPLIED CHEMISTRY COURSE
of the International Correspondence Schools of London, dealing from A. to Z. in Chemistry, Analysis, giving full particulars on how to make Various kinds of Soaps, Perfumes, Acids, Oils, Cements, etc., etc., bound in 9 big Volumes. These books are worth their weight in Gold. Original price Rs. 495. Our Sale Price Rs. 255. Apply at once with 25 per cent. remittance.
S. PAUL & Co., Chemists, (Dept. B. C.)
4, Hospital Street, Dharamtola, Calcutta.

ABBE HAMON'S
20. WONDERFUL HERBAL CURES.
Positive cures for Chronic Diabetes Rheumatism, Sciatica, Gout, Albuminuria, Bronchitis, Asthma, Eczema, Paralysis, etc., etc., Very satisfactory results. Ask for descriptive booklet by Dr. Loin of the Faculty of Paris.
SOLE AGENTS:
PHILLIPS & Co., Ltd.,
BOMBAY.

Sit down a minute and think
It pays to have strong natural eyesight.
Either you have good eyesight or you have not. There can be no half way. Yot may think nothing of tired eyes, a headache after a little reading. It may not worry you a bit if your eyes begin to strain and tear at the slightest effort. You may think they will be all right by to-morrow. But will they?
This headache the tired feeling are symptoms of more serious defect in your sight. Your eyes need attention—and urgent attention too!
Prevention is better than cure
Have your eyes examined now by an experienced occulist.
Come over to our Showroom our Doctor—a London Specialist—will tell you what the trouble with your eyes is.
EYES EXAMINED FREE
Take care of your Sight
Come in to-day.
SHANTI BROS. Ld.
Everything that's good for the Eye.
Opp. Empire Cinema, Bori Bunder.

AA 8

## AMUSEMENTS

YET ANOTHER INDIAN MASTERPIECE FILM.
FOR THE GLOBE PATRONS!
Messrs. K. D. and BROTHERS present To-night and this Week. Another Indian Mythological Drama produced by the Bharat Film Manufacturing Co.
"URVASHI"
OR
"THE NYMPH CELESTIAL."
(5 parts—5,000 feet).
The Programme includes Further 2 Episodes (Episodes 6 and 7) of the powerful Detecter Serial
"THE CARTER CASE"
Featuring Herbert Rawlinson and Craies Kennedy.
Five Shows To-day and To-morrow at 3; 5; 7; 9 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.).
GLOBE CINEMA
(Sandhurst Road)

Messrs. K. D. & BROTHERS present To-night and This Week the first of their "Biggest Seven"
The CECIL B. DE MILLE'S PRODUCTION
"WHY CHANGE YOUR WIFE?"
(7 Reels 7000 feet)
With an All-Star Cast including
THOMAS MEIGHAN
GLORIA SWANSON
BEBE DANIELS
Five Shows To-day and To-morrow at 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45; and 10-15 p.m. (S.T.)
West-End Cinema
(New Churney Road).
Complimentary Passes are NOT allowed during this Week and the following 6 Weeks.
Please see page 10 of "The Bombay Chronicle," of To-day.

IMPERIAL
TO-NIGHT
A PATHE SERIAL
CHARLES HUTCHISON
IN
"DOUBLE ADVENTURE"
The greatest Stunt Marvel in the world! A man's fight against great odds for the love a girl and the protection of her fortune!
ASTOUNDING THRILLS! AMAZING STUNTS
PATHE GAZETTE
Latest News
RUNNING WILD
BOLLAND COMIC
TIME
Daily 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p. m.
Saturday & Sunday at 3-30 and 5-15 p. m.
PRICES AS USUAL
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

Messrs. K. A. SHETNA Co.
wish their Parsee Patrons
A Happy New Year!!!
and present on this Auspicious occasion
A GRAND PATETI PROGRAMME
which includes
A Beautiful Universal Blue-Bird production
UNDINE
A fascinating drama of Sea Nymphs together with.
A Screeming two reel Comedy
"A Wild Night"
featuring the famous Man—made—Monkey
"JOE MARTIN"
Four Shows daily—5-15—7—8-45—10-30
Saturdays Sundays Extra Matinee Show 3-15
POPULAR PRICES
VENUS CINEMA
OPPOSITE GOODS YARDS BYCULLA
Commencing Next Weeks!
Our gigantic Universal Serial
"King of the Circus"
featuring Screens greatest favourite Acrobat Star
"EDIE POLO"

## AMUSEMENTS

THE EXCELSIOR
MAURICE E. BANDMAN presents the
Bandman Comedy Company
TO-NIGHT at 9-30 p.m.
and on Sunday at 5-30 p.m. Reduced Price matinee. The Funniest Farcical comedy ever written
"WHOS THE LADY"
Adapted from the French by Goseph Lery.
Booking at ROSE & Co. upto 1. p. m. After 3-0 p. m. at the Theatre.
Sunday's booking at the theatre on Sunday after 10-30 a. m.

EXCELSIOR CINEMA
Daily change of Programme for
THE HOLIDAY MATINEES.
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!
SATURDAY 10th September at 6-30 p.m. only.
"1001 NIGHTS"
OR
"THE SULTANESS OF LOVE,"
Pathe's latest super-production. No. 1 of our "Big 5" An oriental Pathe colour picture.
SUNDAY, 11th September at 9-45 p.m. only
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
An all-Chaplin Programme.

THE EMPIRE
Daily Change of Programme
A Week's Repertoire for the Holiday Week
Madan Theatres Ltd. has the honour to present
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!
Saturday 10th September at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN.
An all CHAPLIN Programme. Reappearance of the ever popular comedian in his past best and Greatest chaplin success.
SUNDAY 11th September at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
"THE IDOL DANCER"
No. 2 of the "Big 5" A Love Story of Southern Seas. Produced by D.W. Griffith.
Monday 12th September at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
"QUEEN OF THE SEA"
A submarine phantasy and the world's triumph in the photoplay art.
Tuesday 13th September at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
"BACK TO GOD'S COUNTRY"
Featuring the brilliant Star Nell Shipman A Tale of Love and Villainy acted with 16 kinds of wild animals in it
Wednesday 14th September at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
"SEALED ORDERS"
William Brady's most pretentious film feature. Featuring a gallary of stars including Kitty Gordon.
Thursday 15th September at 4-30, and 6-30, p.m. only
"THE TRIUMPH OF VENUS"
The unanimously admitted sensation Wondrously appealing and fascinating, blending of the "Fairy Land" and "Never Never Land" for the children.
Friday 16th September at 6-30 p. m. only
"DADDY LONGLEGS"
A Mary Pickford Classic Will rock you with Laughter.

THE EMPRESS
To-day and To-morrow at 3, 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m
FOR THE FIRST TIME
In the History of the Moving Pictures
A PARSEE PHOTO-PLAY
on the Bombay Screen.
A rollicking Comic Five-Reel Social Drama Specially filmed—for the Pateti Week—
By MADAN THEATRES, LTD.
Adapted from the extremely popular and successful Parsee Drama
"A FLATOON"
By Mr. Pherozeshah J. Marzban, M. A., The Editor of "Jame-Jamshed."
It is a side-splitting Comedy, entitled
"TEHMURAS AND TEMULJEE"
They are twin brothers, one the exact double of the other. The one is a "smart-set dressy classy swell"—the other is a hopeless y orthodox Pussyfoot! And there the fun begins!
ONE OF THE HAPPIEST HUMOROUS SKITS MR. PIJAM HAS EVER WRITTEN!

THE
# Jhalakati Oil Mills
LIMITED.

Authorised Capital 10,00,000 Ten Lacs.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. MAHARAJAH BAHADUR JAGADISH NATH ROY, of Dinajpur.
2. A. LAMOND Esq., of Jessop and Co., Structural and Mechanical Engineer.
3. PRASANNA KUMAR SAHA SARDAR, Esq., Banker Merchant and Zeminder.
4. S. CHAKRAVARTY, Esq., B. Sc. A.M.I.E.S. (Scot), Mechanical and Electrical Engineer Late Asst. Engineer of Glasgow and Sunderland, Corporations and of the Tata Oil Mills Company Limited, Ernakulam, Cochin.
5. BAIKUNTH NATH ROY CHOWDHURY, Esq., Zeminder, Jalabarhi Barisal, Director, Co-operative Banking Corporation Ltd., Barisal.
6. CHOWDHURY KUMSAR SURJA PRASANNA BAJPAI of Parerhat, Zeminder, Hon. Magistrate and Rais. (Barisal).
7. G. M. NEOGY, Esq. Baddie & Co., Calcutta, (*Ex-offico*)

BANKERS.
THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
THE ORIENTAL ASSURANCE BUILDING,
CLIVE ROW, CALCUTTA.

AUDITORS.
TARMASTER AND DANDEKAR.
INCORPORATED ACCOUNTANTS (LONDON)
215-9, BOWBAZAR STREET, CALCUTTA.

MANAGING AGENTS.
Messrs. BADDLE AND Co.
8, BOWBAZAR STREET, CALCUTTA.

We have the pleasure to inform the shareholders as well as the public that the Company has commenced the construction works at Jhalakati.

The American consulting Engineer who went to Jhalakati prior to designing the Mill, along with two Directors, spoke very highly of the situation of Mills and the surroundings.

The co-coanut Industry, that is to say the extraction of co-coanut oil, the manufacture of Margarine, coir-rope, mattings etc. which are the main objects (amongst others) of the Company, is going to be one of the leading industries in India in near future.

Public is aware of the fact that large quantities of co-coanuts are grown in the following places, viz, Khulna, Jessore, Backergunj, Patuakhali, Noakhali and a few others places in the delta of the Ganges. The Company with a view to utilize the co-coanut from those places found Jhalakati as the most suitable place for the Mill. For the present, the Company shall have to crush both Mustard Seeds and Copra for oil only, but later on when sufficient supply of co-coanuts can be obtained, the Company intends to develop the co-coanut Industry to its full extent, which will be a very profitable business.

For Prospectus and other particulars, please apply to the Head Office at No. 8, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.

## MOPLAH DISTURBANCES.

### DEMAND FOR INVESTIGATION FOR REAL CAUSES.

A Gorakhpur correspondent wires under date September 6th:—

Gorakhpur Muslims regret Moplah disturbances and request the Jamiat Ulema to express opinions on the present situation and guide Indian Muslims at this critical moment, and also ask that body and the Central Khilafat and the All-Indian Congress to immediately adopt all possible means to ease the situation and save innocent lives and appoint a Congress-Khilaat Committee to investigate the real causes of the disturbances and the state of things actually existing in the disturbed area.

## MALEGAON RIOT CASE,

### TWO MORE WITNESSES RETRACT.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

NASIK, Aug. 22

Another retracting witness examined today was Phulya Hamal. In his examination-in-Chief, witness said that as he was standing at the Post Office he saw a boy, close to accused Bahusa's house, hit by a gunshot. On seeing it, witness went back to his house.

Counsel for the prosecution declared the witness hostile. The court then put to him the statement he had made before the committing Magistrate, warning him at the same time that if he made a different statement he would be prosecuted for perjury, and that there would be no use his coming before the court praying for pardon. In spite of the warning, witness stated that he had told Mr. Braham whatever he had been taught to say, but it was not at all true.

Cross-examined by Mr. Azad, witness stated that a month after the riot Rao Banadur Kokji took his statement. It was not taken, however, on the first day of his appearing before Mr. Kokji, but three or four days afterwards. During that time, he was allowed to go home only for meals. The Khan Sahib, meaning Inspector Alibhai, beat him but none else. The Khan Sahib, a Sub-Inspector and the police Sepoy tutored him and according to that tutoring, he had given his evidence in the lower court. Rao Bahadur Kokji used to threaten him that if he did not depose according to his (Kokje's) wish, he would be put in jail. He then admitted having once run away from police surveillance, before his examination at Malegaon. It was not true that Bhils had been sent out after him. While one day he was sitting down to a meal, Mr. Joshi, Engineer (to the Pophabs) and a Sub-Inspector came upon him and took him back to Malegaon. At the close of the cross-examination, Mr Azad asked the court if a note had been made in the records that the prosecution had been offered an opportunity to cross-examine the witness and that they had not exercised their right. The court replied in the affirmative.

There was no re-examination. Before the witness was discharged, he was called upon to furnish sureties for his appearance in court whenever called upon to do so. On the witness expressing his inability to produce any sureties either at Nasik or Malegaon, he was ordered to be sent to the jail.

13-YEAR BOY WITNESS.

The fourth and last witness to be examined to-day was one Mahomed Umar, a Momin boy of Malegaon, who gave his age as 12 or 13 years. Examined by Mr. Rangnekar, he said that when the riot took place, he was at the river. He was going back to his house on the Shimfatti side. He saw a crowd by the temple. There were Hindus and Mussulmans in it. The temple was open. He did not go in nor did he see any one in the temple. The crowd had sticks and nothing else.

At this stage, Mr. Rangnekar addressing the court, said that the witness was one of those who had turned round. The court enquired whether he wanted to cross-examine the witness. Mr. Rangnekar said that the same procedure should be applied as in the case of the other witness that had preceded him. On the Marathi statement being put to witness, he said he had stated all that before Mr. Braham, because he had been taught to do so by Imam constable. It was all false, declared the witness. Asked by the court why he made such a statement, the witness stated he was afraid of threats of personal violence.

Cross-examined by Mr. Azad, Umar said he knew Rao Bahadur Kokji. Asked if Mr. Kokji ever threatened him, witness began to weep and said that Mr. Kokji had beaten him. The police had snatched him away two months ago, cried he, and added that after he had been got hold of by the police, Chand Tafalia and the police threatened him with chilly treatment (a treatment which according to his description, was of an outrageous nature.)

Continuing, Umar stated that Mr. Kokji first threatened him with violence if he failed to give evidence as he was desired to do. Ever since his arrest, he was never allowed to go home. He was arrested on a Friday. His statement was taken down by Mr. Kokji after the Ramzani Id. He stayed with Mr. Kokji at Nasik. In reply to a further question by Counsel, witness admitted that both he and Wakab were eunuchs. They both sang, played, and danced.

There was no re-examination. Like the other retracting witness, this witness was also called upon to furnish surety and in the meantime sent to prison along with the other three witnesses—Vaidu Hamal, Wakab and Phulya Hamal. Later on, I understand all these four witnesses were arrested by the police on a charge of deceity under section 395, I. P. C., in connection with the looting incident of the 26th April last at Malegaon.

## BEZWADA KHADDAR.

### A CERTIFYING COMMITTEE.

The President of the Congress Committee, Bezwada, writes to us for publication:—

A large quantity of Khaddar is manufactured in the Andhra Desa and is sent out to different parts of India as "Bezwada Khaddar." Some merchants are reported to have been exporting *Khaddar* with admixture of mill-made yarn, either foreign or Indian, under the name of Pure *Khaddar*.

To distinguish the purely handspun and handwoven *Khaddar* either from the mill manufactured goods or from the mixed material consisting of foreign yarn or Indian Mill yarn is not an easy process.

The merchants all over India, therefore naturally look to a body of responsible persons at the place of origin that will guarantee the genuineness of the cloth and in view of the prevailing conditions of the Khaddar trade, the Bezwada Congress Committee has appointed a certifying Committee which is assisted by textile experts. Those wishing to take the advice of the Committee in purchasing pure Khaddar cloth may have it. A small fee will be charged for the expenses to be incurred in running the office. Purchasers are assured by the Bezwada Congress Committee that any *Khaddar* cloth certified as such by the Committee, shall be purely handspun and handwoven.

The Committee expect to be in full swing of work by the last week of this month, meanwhile all correspondence from the public and advices on the matter from individuals and public bodies should be addressed to "The Khaddar Certifying Committee," care of Bezwada Congress Committee, Bezwada.

## KHILAFAT OFFICE SEARCHED.

### C. I. D. TAKE AWAY "FATWA."

We have received the following information from Mr Moazzam Ali, Central Khilafat Office, Bombay:—

The Central Khilafat Committee office had another visitation from the C. I. D. Police, in the person of two officers, namely, Sub Inspectors, Dawood Khan and Haider Khan, supported by two Mohamedan search witnesses named, Abdul-Kadir Ghulam Hussain, Merchant, Nagdevi Street, and Abdul-Hameed Kadir Baksh, Hakeem, Phul-Galee, for the purpose of confiscation of the "Fatwa" of Jami-at-ul-Ulemai-i-Hind. Maulana Shaukat Ali was present in the office who politely told them that the whole office was at their disposal and that they were free to find out the books for themselves and that no Mussalman was willing to assist them in such a sacrilegious and unholy work. They completed their work by taking away all the copies of the Fatwa.

## BOMBAY LIQUOR TRAFFIC

Mr. B. N. Motivala, in his capacity as member of the Advisory Committee appointed by the elected C. Ward Councillors of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, has addressed a letter to the Collector of Bombay on the measures to be taken to put down traffic in liquors. In his letter he says that the time is now ripe for taking a bold action of prohibition and points out the success achieved by America.

## 'BOMBAY COLLEGIATE SELF-HELP UNION."

A lecture was delivered on Sunday evening, the 4th instant, by Mr. Narayen Rao Kulkerny, under the auspices of the Muslim students' Union, on "Co-operative Philanthropy and Univesrity Students," when Dr. M. B. Velkar, presided. At the outset, Mr. Kulkerny remarked that the Government System of Co-operative Credit, was not at all favourable to the students' Co-operative concerns. Mr. Kulkerny said that his developing scheme of co-operative philanthropic movement was highly approved by Mr. Keatinge and Mr. E. W Ewbank, the Director and the Registrar respectively of Co-operative Societies. According to that system, the University students could duly start Co-operative Book Depot and Stores Societies, Hostels and Co-operative Circulating Libraries, and Mutual Benefit dispensaries, by co-operating with their college Professors and Principals and their guardians, without any financial help from Government. The students, should first start, he said, the "Bombay Collegiate Self help Union" to undertake these concerns, under its auspices, in order to have a practical training in their self-governments

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The Governor of Assam accompanied by Major R. C. Williams arrived at Viceregal Lodge on the 7th instant.

There was a meeting of the Executive Council the afternoon of the 7th instant.

In course of a proclamation the Punjab Government appeal to the public to assist them in suppression of bribery and corruption in public service by stopping bribe giving.—(A. P.).

Total approximate gross earnings of the State railways from 1st April to 27th August last amount to Rs. 3,311 crores.

The Railway Board has sanctioned Huttur-Hesla Railway survey by the East Indian Railway covering a distance of 101 miles near South Karanpura coalfields.—(A.P.).

The First Conference of the Lower Subordinate Service Officers of the Survey of India Department was held at Bangalore on the 3rd and 4th September 1921 under the presidency of Mr. A. Kesavan Nair. There was a large gathering consisting of the delegates from Burma and all parts of India. In the course of his speech the President dwelt on the grievances of lower subordinates in the Survey Department and pointed out the desirability of meeting in conference every year.

## WITHDRAWAL OF MUNITIONS FRAND CASE.

### INDIAN CHAMBER'S LETTER TO GOVT.

(Associated Press.)

The Secretary of the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau, Bombay, in course of a letter to the Secretary to the Government of India, Industries Department, Simla, writes:—

My Committee note with satisfaction the just and high-minded declaration issued by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, and beg to share his hope that the existing safeguards in the conduct of the business of His Excellency's Council will not prove inadequate in future to prevent a similar to the Munitions fraud case. The recurrence of unfortunate episodes "error of judgement" in this particular case has been not only very grave, but has had the most pernicious effect of terminating the prosecution, and thereby of interfering with the ordinary course of justice.

My Committee regret to hear that Government consider that as the decision to withdraw has been taken, and is "irrevocable," it it is useless to discuss the question whether Government shoud or withdrawn the prosecution. Here was a case in which Government from the very beginning considered that there was ample evidence to prove the guilt of the accused, and it is unfortunate in the extreme that having with them sufficient proofs, such a decision should have been arrived at, as practically to reduce the administration of justice in this country into a subordination of the law to the judgment of an individual member of Government. My Committee venture to submit that, an error of this magnitude, ought not to be considered as beyond remedy; and that the sovereignty of the law of the land should remain inviolate, as much in public as in individual affairs. If the law is to remain the supreme authority in the administration of the affairs of this country, it stands to reason that an individual officer's "error of judgment" should, under no circumstances, hamper the course of justice or reduce its sovereignty and sanctity. The law cannot, and does not, allow a wrong to pass unchallenged, or a crime unpunished. My Committee are not aware of any provisions in the Code of Criminal Procedure compelling a decision to withdraw a prosecution, before the charges are framed, to be final and irrevocable. If there is any such provision, the public have a right to demand that such loop-holes in the law should be forthwith removed. If, on the other hand, Government admit that no such a provision exist, then, there would appear to be no just cause for the attitude taken up to stand by the withdrawal. And the public can only infer that it is not the law, that prevents a resuscitation of the case, but the prestige of Government not to alter a decision, once made and however erroneous. My Committee consider it dangerous in the extreme that the Executive in India should be considered as possessing an authority over-riding the authority of the law. My Committee would, therefore, urge Government to reconsider their decision in the matter of the withdrawal of the prosecutions, and endeavour to vindicate the law even at this stage. The matter is one which is vitally bound up with public safety and business morality; and in view of the alleged magnitude of the frauds, steps should be taken to subject them to the scrutiny and verdict of the law,—not merely with the object of punishing the guilty, but as a deterrent to prevent the occurence of similar frauds in the future.

If Government, however, still consider that the prosecution cannot be resumed, once it is withdrawn, and are satisfied that the law so demands, my Committee would suggest the appointment of a representative Commission presided over by a member of the judiciary, to enquire under suitable conditions of safety for informants and witnesses, not only in to the merits of this particular case, but generally into the conduct of affairs of the Munitions Department in its relation to the purchases of supplies during the war. For, my Committee feel that there is a good deal of suspicion in the public mind, that such enquiry might reveal the existence, not only of an isolated case of this type, but perhaps of a larger organisation that systematically defrauded the public Exchequer.

My Committee recognise that Government are under no legal obligation to publish the names of those members in charge of the Council who were consulted by the Hon. Member-in-charge of the Industries and Munitions Departments, nor the opinion that they expressed. But in the matter of this kind, where the course of justice has been thwarted; where the public conscience has been so aroused; where the business morality of Government Contractors has been challenged and shown in such a lurid light; and where indignation at, and condemnation of, the withdrawal of the case has been so general the least that Government can do is by frankness on their part to inform the public of the exact circumstances in which the decision was taken, and to fix on all those members of the Government, who were a party to it, the full responsibility for the action taken. In particular, my Committee desire to know if the Law Member of the Council was consulted; and if so, whether the action taken had the approval of the supreme Law Officer of the Crown in the country.

While the public will no doubt be relieved to hear that justice has been done to Executive Administration of the country by the resignation of the Hon. Member whose "error of judgment" wronged it,—for, otherwise Ministerial responsibility, more so in a limited form of representative Government, would cease to have any meaning—as far as the case itself is concerned, the feeling continues actue and general and unallayed that the law still remains to be vindicated, in the interests of the public, irrespective of whether the accused are ultimately found guilty or not.


PLEASE READ PROSPECTUS OF

# MYSORE STATE LOANS 1921

APPROVED BY THE

# GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

## On offer up to 31st October 1921.

Invest your money in the above Loans by applying to any of the Treasuries & Banks noted below:—

1. Any Treasury in the Mysore State.
2. The Bank of Mysore. and Branches
3. The Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras and Branches.
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5. The Eastern Bank, Bombay and Calcutta.
6. The Alliance Bank of Simla, Bombay, Calcutta, Lucknow and Simla.
7. The Central Bank, of India, Bombay.
8. The Mercantile Bank of India, Bombay, and Madras.
9. The Tata Industrial Bank, Hyderabad, Bombay and Madras.
10. The Bank of India, Bombay.
11. The Indian Bank, Madras.
12. The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Madras.
13. The Calcutta Industrial Bank, Calcutta.
14. The P. & O. Banking Corporation, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi and Madras.
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**The Loans offer best terms for both short term and long term investments.**

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Loan No. I carries 7 per cent per annum Free of Tax Loan No. II yields 6¾ per cent per annum Free of Tax besides a bonus of 2½ per cent on redemption.

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**Both Loans terminable and supported by Sinking Funds The 7 per cent ten-year Loan will be repaid in 1931 and The 6½ per cent Loan No. II in 1941-51.**

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Interest on both Loans, exempt from both Mysore Government and Government of India Income-Tax.

***Where Interest Payable***

Interest will be paid at any Treasury in the State any Government of India Treasury or the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay and Madras.

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The Loans are secured on the Revenue and Assets of GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

***Subscriptions in Securities***

**Government of India 5½ per cent War Bonds and 6 per cent Bonds Accepted AT PAR as Subscription to the Loans.**

For further particulars Vide Notification No. 535, 1st August 1921, copies of which can be had at any of the Treasuries and Banks noted above.

# SPORTING NEWS.

## POONA RACES.

FIRST MEETING FOURTH DAY.

SELECTIONS BY "JOVE."

THE STAND PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

I think ALELI has been treated very leniently by the handicapper and fancy him to win. CARBORUNDUM has proved that he likes a mile and is an improving horse and is the only one I think that can beat ALELI. SENPARISON for a place.

THE PADDOCK PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

DOUBLE WIN has given us two exhibitions of her sprinting powers and with the services of Morris is not likely to be badly away in a scramble where a good start is so essential and I like her to win. POMPANO ran very prominently on Wednesday and is a great sprinter, as also is MIST and I think these two will be there or thereabouts with BELLE SYME in case of scratchings.

THE POONA CESAREWITCH.—Distance 2½ miles.

The proved stayers amongst this lot which I think have a chance are PLAXTOL, MARCODIA, RAMADAN, SPEARWOOD, MILLMOUNT, QUARTERLY and WAY OF AN EAGLE. In making my selections I must give the preference to those that have shown recent form and place them to run MARCODIA, MILLMOUNT and RAMADAN. LA ROGUE on her English form to upset the lot.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

I must say again BOX O' TRICKS. He is none too good at the gate I know, but should he get away with his field, the others would only have to compete for the 2nd and 3rd places. Next I like GAVRELLE which has been entered more than once and withdrawn at the last moment and after her STELLITE if W. Huxley rides, otherwise SOSPELLO.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

The last time WALHACHIN had real bad luck in not getting an opening up the straight and as this is unlikely to happen a second time she should win. MIRABELLE and ALLENSMORE on Bombay form are both well in and I like them after WALHACHIN. WHITE POPPY the outsider.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division III.—Distance 6 furlongs.

This looks a good thing for TOURNEY who I noticed running very prominently the other day. OREGON PINE the last time out had a very bad passage or should have been well up. As it was he finished 5th. This time he should be within the first two. SANDRA a certain place.

THE C. B. ST. LEGER.—Distance 1¼ miles.

A soft thing again for Mr. Heath. His pair will run 1st and 2nd again with COME ON and BLACK TOP next.

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP.—Distance R. C. and Distance.

The best form shown this season by Arabs over a distance has been by those in the 3rd Division. I accordingly fancy KUSRA and TYRANT to fight it out between them with ROSE HILL or HAKUM to follow them home.

THE LAWN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

From the way he ran when beaten by TYRANT over 1½ miles I like KHABOOR to win. If his long rest has not impaired their sprinting powers he must be close up with CHIEFTAIN and TIT BITS chasing him home.

HORSES LEFT-IN.

(From our own Correspondent.)

POONA, Sept. 9.

The following horses were left in after declaration of forfeits at 8 a.m. on Friday the 9th of September for the Poona First Meeting, Fourth Day that will be held on Saturday next.

THE STAND PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Poignant 9/5; Western Wave 9/2; Royal Charter 8/12; Aleli 8/11; Simon's Choice 8/12; Verge 8/6; Noutbutweel 8/5; Brendan 8/5; Semparison 8/0, Carborundum 8/0; Double or Quits 7/12; Charlies Smile 7/12; Owen Roe 7/9; Cally 7/8, Dromio 7/4.

THE PADDOCK PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Lord Setay 9/12; Liberty 9/6; Eudoxus 8/5; Belvedere 9/4; Divide 9/3; Arclight 9/2; Crushed Glass 8/13; Little Cell 8/11; Pompano 8/9 Trostan 8/8; Fusey 8/6; Belle Syme 8/6; Murmansk 8/2; Double Win 8/0; Dialect 8/0; Lover True 7/9; Verna 7/5; Mist 7/5; Miserable 7/0.

THE POONA CESAREWITCH—Distance 2½ miles.

Misri Lal 9/8; Silver Saint 9/6; Gadfuna 8/8; Plaxtol 8/10; La Hogue 8/7; Marcodia 8/7; Thunder 8/7; Ramadan 8/8; Gunning 8/0; Fleurbaix 7/12; Cyanite 7/12; Baby Blake 7/10; Spearwood 7/9; Millmount 7/9; Quarterly 7/4; Heir at Law 7/3; Laodicea 7/3; Way of an Eagle 7/0; King's Own 6/12.

THE LAWN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Resident 9/10; Khundil 9/8; Trade Mark 8/2; Warminster 9/0; Summerton 8/10; Silver Streak 8/10; Zuheir 8/5; Chieftain 8/3; Balloon 8/1; Bismark 7/13; Khaboor 7/13; Tit Bits 7/10; Arvil 7/9; Tiger 7/8; Yadghar 7/8; Taj 7/6.

THE POONA C. B. ST. LEGER.—Distance 1½ miles.

Criadillo 9/11; Steel Blue 10/1; Corundum 8/11; Victrix 8/11; Jovial 7/11; Deligate 7/11; Come On 7/0; Black Top 9/0; Applause 7/11.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Woorali 10/6; Moseley 9/12; Royal Jewel 8/6; Balira 9/5; Stellite 9/5; Sospello 9/1; Imponette 8/12; Nurse Bobs 8/10; Lady Ard 8/7; Sunline 8/7; Box O'Tricks 8/2; Maiden Palm 8/1; Soft Noli 8/0; Gaurelle 7/13; Binfield Grove 7/10; Bohea 7/9; Rosey Tread 7/6; Lord Jim 7/7; Chery Girl 7/6; Fire Finch 7/2.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

9/6; Blackwater 9/6; Elsewhere 9/0; Gold Reef 9/0; Walhachin 8/11; The Pony 8/10; Pine Box 8/7; Mirabelle 8/6; Bathurst 8/3; Alleusmore 8/0; White Poppy 7/13; Old Sport 7/11; Very Little 7/10; Deelin 7/7; Troop Leader 7/6; Warburton 7/3.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division III.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Cracknel 9/10; Pine Tree 9/6; Greenfield 9/6; Huon River 9/2; Princess Ila 9/0; Nerissa 9/0; Gold Quarty 8/10; Oregon Pine 8/8; Some Scribe 8/7; Reconquista 8/5; Sandra 8/4; Zea 8/1; Birthday Clothes 7/13; Tourney 7/12; Prime Boy 7/10; Rock Ferry 7/10; Pretty Margaret 7/9; Leicester Square 7/3.

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP—Distance R C and Distance.

Anaiza 9/8; Mandil 9/7; Union Jack 9/2; Tipperary 8/13; Cessation 8/12; Ferry Boat 8/7; Karikata 8/7, Dilawer 8/5; Portcullis 8/1; Golshan 8/0; Rose Hill 8/0; Hakum 8/0; Nevermind 7/9, Tyrant 7/9; Huntsman 7/7; Kitchener 7/5; Kusra 7/4; Brindisi 7/4; Glencoe 7/1; Desert Flower 7/1.

## CALCUTTA MONSOON RACES.

SECOND MEETING-THIRD DAY.

HORSES LEFT-IN.

(From our Racing Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9.

The following are horses left in for tomorrow's Calcutta races, Second Monsoon Meeting, Third Day:—

THE JUMPERS FLAT RACE. Distance about 1 mile 3 furlongs.

White Sapphire 11/12, Marble Rock 11/5, Pommery 9/6, Bishon's Sutton 9/4, She 9/0.

THE SANDOWN PLATE. Div. I. Distance about 6 furlongs.

QUEEN MARY 9/0, Devil's Bridge 8/12, Carless 8/11, Spanish Chestnut 8/10, Higher Level 8/6, Fine Times 8/3, Stepaside 8/2, Hercury 8/2, Squeers 8/1, Rags 7/13, Buff Mail 7/12, Rose Lydia 7/11, Little Life 7/8, Everywhere 7/7, Scarlet Berrill 7/7, Golden Memory 7/4.

THE NEWMARKET PLATE. Div. I. Distance about 1 mile 1 furlong.

Devil's Bridge 9/6, Shunamite 9/0, Cape Clear 8/12, Stepaside 8/12, Higher Level 8/11, Squeers 8/10, Galley Law 8/10, Buff Mail 8/8, The Whip 8/7, Cape Diem 8/3, Maharani 8/2, Sherwood Belle 8/2, Little Life 8/1, Despicable 8/1, Leader 8/12.

THE KEMPTON PLATE. Div. I. Distance about 7 furlongs.

Jack 9/3, Verres 9/1, Wedding Ring 9/0, Tete Montee 8/11, Barsen 8/6, Pick of the Bunch 8/5, Wolfram 8/5, Gaunt 8/4, Vadic 8/4, Staples 7/13, Verland Rose 7/7.

THE SANDOWN PLATE. Div. II. Distance 6 furlongs.

Luster 9/0, Revenga 8/13, Carpe Diem 8/13 Strange Likeness 8-12 Peggy Thrift 8,11 Roxxa 8/10, Torchlight 8/8, Monsieur James 8/8, Slow Coach 8/3, Norman Lindsay 8/2, Avon 8/1, Lhassa 8/0, Pommery 7/12.

THE KEMPTON PLATE. Div. II. Distance about 7 furlongs.

Bally Bunion 9/0, Goras Darling 9/0, No Ball 8/13, One Too Many 8/12, Anzio 8/9, Glassington 8/8, Peace Celebration 8/8, Lady Picton 8/2, Hilda A 8/0, Eagles Nest 8/0, Leven Bridge 7/13, Demon 7/12, Windsor Lady 7/12, Aplook 7/11, Duckgras 7/7 Glenart 7/2, Bruslee 7/2.

THE NEWMARKET PLATE. Div. II. Distance about 1 mile 1 furlong.

Silver Gift 9/6 Brown Fowl 9/4, Peggy Thrift 9/0, Strange Likeness 8/13, Well Over 8/11, Sans Merci 8/5, Jolly Friar 8/3, Glen Lussett, 8/0, Ozerina, 7/10, Shive Dune 7/3.

THE SANDOWN PLATE. Div. III. Distance about 6 furlongs.

Poletran 9/0, Vanira 8/9, Water Lily 8/7, Lu Lad 8/5 Foxtor 8/1, Tangum 8/0, Urantia 7/13, Rebecca 7/11, Belle Etoile 7/10, Nirvana 7/8, Soottifer 7/2.

## SIR T. HOLLAND'S RESIGNATION.

The Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated September 6, states:—The Honourable Sir Thomas Henry Holland, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., has resigned his office as a Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India, with effect from the 3rd September 1921.

### HOME MARKETS.

Home markets during the week under review showed such a terrible advance never experienced in the history of cotton. We advise our friends still to take profits as we expect substantial decline as the advance was too rapid. The present rise was due to absolutely disordinate wave of mad speculative buying. We strongly recommend our friends to make short sales as as they will be remunerative in the long run. We expect markets to go materially lower, and then we expect much higher prices, later on for distant months.

The following table will give an idea of the changes in the home markets as quoted and compared with the last week.

Week commencing from 1st September to 7 September 1921.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Liverpool spot 1921 ..... | 10.76 | 14.70 | plus 394 |
| New York spot 1921 ..... | 17.50 | 19.70 | plus 220 |
| Liverpool Oct. 1921 ..... | 10.95 | 14 06 | plus 311 |
| Liverpool Jany. 1922 ... | 10 91 | 13.77 | plus 286 |
| New York Oct 1921 ..... | 16.05 | 19.50 | plus 345 |
| New York Jany. 1922 ..... | 16.25 | 19.75 | plus 350 |

### LOCAL MARKET.

F. G. Broach at May 1922 opened in the Bazar at Rs. 440 on the 2nd Sept. last advanced to Rs. 456 on the 7th, declined to Rs. 4418 on the 8th and closed yesterday evening at Colaba at Rs. 488. The advance was due to violent advance in the Home markets.

Fine Oomras D. Jany. 1922 opened in the Bazar at Rs. 416 on the 2nd Sept. advanced to Rs. 446 on the 7th, declined to Rs. 431 on the 8th and closed at Rs. 434 yesterday evening at Colaba.

We strongly recommend our friends to go on selling at this price as well as at every advance.

### READY MARKET.

During the week under review business for ready cotton was done on a very grand scale at an advance of about Rs. 70 to Rs. 80 per candy. The chief buyers were Japan exporters. We recommend our friends strongly to clear out their holdings in thi smarket. About 50000 to 70000 bales are reported to have changed hands.

### A PUBLIC MEET NG.

A public meeting under the auspices of C. Ward, Congress Committee will be held to-day at 6- p.m. (S. T.) at the Morarji Gokuldas Market Hall, Cavel Street, when Shrimati Sarojini Devi will deliver a lecture on "Swadeshi" in Hindi.

### COMPULSORY PRIMARY EDUCATION.

A meeting of the Association formed to hasten the introduction of Compulsion in Primary Education in the City of Bombay will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at the Servants of India Society's Hall at 9 a.m.

## MOPLAHS AT CALICUT.

SITUATION QUIET.

(Associated Press.)

CALICUT, Sept. 7.

District Magistrate states that the situation in the district yesterday was quiet and telegraphic communication with Malappur has been effected. Troops reconnoitring Pandicead Road met with opposition, the bands of rebels having apparently moved further east.

Col. Humphreys has issued an order that no communications, railways, bridges, roads, telegraphs, are to be interfered with or damaged. The Moplahs, resident in Deshoms through which these communications run, will be held responsible for the protection of that portion of them which lies within their *deshom*. They will also be held responsible for clearing obstructions along the road and for reconstructing ferries and bridges within the respective *deshoms*. Failure to comply with the order will be punishable under the Martial Law Regulations.

## PATROLLING AT LUCKNOW.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Sept. 8.

The rumour about patrolling of the city by the military after gram looting at Meerut is officially contradicted. The facts are that as precautionary measure of the officer commanding was warned that assistance might be required and the armed police being few in number at the time an extra guard of Indian infantry was put on treasury for the night of the 3rd September. The military were not called out nor was there any patrolling by them.

## MADRAS LABOUR TROUBLE.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Sept. 8.

There was a serious fire in mill area yesterday afternoon as a result of which twenty Mahomedan huts were burnt down. Old Mahomedan living in one of the destroyed huts is reported to have been burnt to death. The Governor with police and labour Commissioners visited a portion of mill area last evening.

## ORDER AGAINST DR. KITCHLEW CANCELLED.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Sept. 8.

The Punjab Government have also cancelled the order passed against Dr. Kitchlew prohibiting him from attending or addressing any public meeting.

## CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8.

Only small business was reported in coal shares today North Laikdih being in request shewing an advance in price. Jute shares closed easier with more sellers than buyers in evidence. In miscellaneous section Cotton shares shewed decline in price. There was a fairly good inquiry for Calcutta Oil and Cake otherwise there was nothing of special interest to report. Following were closing quotations:—

Coal:—Bokaro and Ramgurh 33-4, Burra Dhemo 11-4, Burrakur (old) 51-8, Karanpura Development 75.8 s.l., Neetoria 10-14, New Kendah 10, North Laikdih 15-4, Pench Valley 402, West Jamuria 11-14.

Jute:—Anglo India 303, Alliance 370, Auckland 218 Belvedere (pref) 101, Budge Budge 370, Clive 33 s.l., Empire 59-8 s.l., Fort Gloster 764 s.l. 754, Fort William 298-8, Goureport (prof) 85, Howrah 374, Kamarhatty 520 Kanknarrah 412, Khardah 340, Lawrence 520 s.l., Reliance 37, Soorah (pref) 102, Lansdowne 264, Lothian 270, Naihati 412-8; Northbrook 57, Standard 427 and (pref) 85.

Miscellaneous:—Agra United Mills 8-4, Alpha General Insurance 1-10 discount, Barasat Basirhat Light Railway 648 s.s., Bengal Potteries 5, Bengal Nagpur Cotton 510 and 500 s.l. Bengal Paper 69, Burma Finance and Mining 4-6, Calcutta Oil and Cake 10-8, Dunbar Cotton 515 xd., India General Navigation (pref) 79, Indian Wood Products 1-8 discount, Kamardhubi Engineering 13, Kesoram Cotton 13-4, G. McKenzie and Co. 7.12, Thorny croft (India) 5.12, Titaghur Paper 26/8, United Flour 33-4 s.l.

Government paper three and half per cent was quoted at Rs. 59-2 and small lots were done at Rs. 59-6. War Bonds short loans 100.6, 1925 at 100-8, 1923 at 100-10, 1930 at 100-6, and 1931 at 100.8 per cent.

Imperial Bank of India Calcutta rate for demand loans remains unchanged being five per cent.

Exchange:—Bank Telegraphic Transfer one shilling four and three fourth pence and Demand bills one shilling four and twenty-five thirty-two pence.

## ENGINEERING PROGRESS AND ENGINEERING EDUCATION.

The Annual Social Gathering of the College of Engineering, Poona, was held on Wednesday, the 31st August last and was largely attended. The Principal of the College, Mr. Cree Brown, opened the proceedings with a few apt remarks welcoming the guests. Then followed a speech on the above topic by Sir M. Visvesvaraya, K.C.I.E., who presided on the occasion. In the course of his lengthy speech dwelling on the different branches of engineering, the advances made therein, and the local needs of the presidency, classified the science of engineering into 4 divisions —(1) Engineering of communications, (2) City and Town Engineering, (3) Hydraulic Engineering and (4) Industrial Engineering and emphasised on the specialisation of any one of these branches.

## BOMBAY AMUSEMENT.

### WEST END CINEMA.

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers are offering at the West-End their first star-picture of the "Biggest Seven" series. Way Change your Wife."

### GLOBE CINEMA.

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present tonight and this Week another Indian Mythological Drama "Urvashi or the Nymph Celestial". (5 parts) produced by the Bharat Film Manufacturing Company with an all-star cast. The programme also includes episodes 6 and 7 (5000 feet) of the Craig Kennedy Detective Serial "The Carter Case."

### THE IMPERIAL.

The management presents to-day "Double Adventure," a serial featuring Charles Hutchison. It deals with the adventures of an energetic newspaper reported who while trailing a thief stumbles upon a kidnapping. Following this new affair through, it plunges him into the thick of a fight between a gang of crooks desiring possession of the girl's fortune. Backed by the paper who is working for a "Scoop" Bob spends his time on the mystery. Twists and turns occur in unending procession.

## THE EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

"ROMANCE."

Many of us are familiar with the sad story of "Romance." There is little in Edward Sheldon's famous play which does not touch some hidden cord within us. Perhaps it is a feeling of great sympathy we have for Margherita Cavallini. Her love for Thomas Armstrong deep, unfathomable, yet denied, for his sake, and her sacrifice, as only a woman can make. Poor Cavallini. How much the future was dependent upon the past.

Such is "Romance" a play of many memories.

Beryl Barraclough as Margherita, Cavallini, played very sympathetically, and her interpretation of Doris Keene's famous role was unquestionably superb.

Carl Lawson as Thomas Armstrong gave us another instance of his extreme versatility, and Percy Barestock as Cornelus Van Tuyll, were ably supported by the rest of the cast.

## STOCK OF KHADDAR AT GUNTUR.

The Secretary of the District Congress Committee, Guntur, wires:—

Pure *Khaddar* dealers of other districts are informed there are large stocks at present in Guntur District. The District Congress Committee is also stocking pure *Khaddar* and sells to any District or Provincial Congress Committee, the object being simply to introduce the cloth into the parts of India where genuine stuff is not available.

## MOHURRUM & MR. KHAWAJA'S LABOURS.

(From our Correspondent)

ALIGARH, September 8.

The public will be glad to hear of the commendable success achieved by Mr. Abdul Majid Khawaja, Principal, National Muslim University, in his attempts to stop all irreligious ceremonies at Aligarh during the Moharrum festival. For some days past mass meetings of Mussalmans were held in the Juma mosque, where religious lectures were given advising Mussalmans to refrain from irreligious ceremonies. As a result, all Mussalmans took oath to refrain from such ceremonies. On the first day of the Moharram, however, some interested persons made an attempt to take the "tazia," and, in spite of great efforts, were able to secure but a dozen hired followers. A similar attempt on the second day also proved a failure. The Muslim public are scrupulously refraining from ceremonies. It is to be hoped that the noble example of Aligarh Muslims will be followed by the rest of India.

## CHARITIES.

### PUNJAB FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Bhagilal D. Lala ..... | 50 |
| Parsi Rajkeya Subha (through Barjorji F. Bharucha) ..... | 1,275 |
| C. D. K. ..... | 10 |
| Cheque sent September 9th to Pandit R. D. Choudhry for Rs. | 1,356 |

### FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Bhagilal D. Lala ..... | 50 |
| In pious memory of my nephew Homi Byramji Mehta ..... | 10 |
| Bande-khoda ..... | 21 |
| Parsi Rajkeya Subha (through Barjorji F. Bharucha) ..... | 1,275 |
| K. B. Rele ..... | 51 |
| Seth Manecklal Purushottam ... | 25 |
| C. D .K. ..... | 10 |
| G. G. P. ..... | 10 |
| Balkrishna Desai ..... | 5 |
| Cheque sent September 9th to Sir P. C. Roy for Rs. ..... | 1,457 |

### SYMRNA RELIEF FUND.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Bande-khoda ..... | 21 |

At a meeting, held under the auspices of the Bangiya Naree Samaj, a resolution was passed protesting against the decision of the Bengal Legislative Council with regard to woman suffrage resolution and urging upon the councillors to reconsider it at the earliest opportunity and pass it as an act of justice to the women of Bengal.—(A. P.)

# HIGH COURT.

## APPELLATE SIDE.

### BRUTAL MURDER.

WIFE ABETTING THE MURDER.

DEATH SENTENCE CONFIRMED.

Onkor Pandu

vs.

The King-Emperor.

Before The Chief Justice Sir Norman MacLeod and Sir Lallubhai Shah.

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. J. D. Dixshit, Sessions Judge of Khandesh. The Sessions Judge found the accused Onkor guilty of murder and sentenced him to death under section 302 of the Indian Penal Code.

The facts are briefly these:—

The deceased Kavtic was the husband of one Soni, a young woman of 26. This Soni was in illicit intercourse and intrigue with accused Onkor. In May 1921 both Soni and Onkor had planned that Kavatic should be murdered so that they both might live happily. On the 15th May 1921 Soni sent the deceased to plough the field in the Mahalaseni Jungle. The deceased did not return in the evening or the next day. Just about this time one of the deceased's cousins Chindhi had come in the village. She inquired about the deceased. Soni told her that he had gone to the field for two days and had not returned. Chindi related this fact to the Police Patil. Inquiry was started and the result of which was, that accused Onkor made certain admissions pointed out the place where the body of the deceased was lying. Soni also made admissions before the police. In the course of the investigation the turban and other articles belonging to the deceased were found near the body. Both the accused had made confessions before the Magistrate, but in the Sessions Court they withdraw them. They stated that they had not made the said confessions.

SESSION JUDGE'S OBSERVATIONS.

The Sessions Judge observed "According to the confessions which are full of details both the accused planned to murder the deceased some two or three months prior to the murder but they did not get any opportunity. I agree with the Assessors that the confessions of the accused are voluntary and true. The murder was deliberately planned and with a view to facilitate the same with the help of accused No. 2 the deceased was sent to work alone in the deconulated jungle. Seeing their victim soundly asleep under a tree accused No. 1 took a formidable iron bar-part of the plough—and struck the deceased twice in cold blood and did him to death on the spot in most brutal inhuman and cruel manner without affording him in the least an opportunity for defence. No sentence short of death would meet the justice of the case as regards accused No. 1. As regards Soni the same remarks apply but she did not use any violence. As wife it was her duty to protect him, she has besides a child which in the absence of nursing by her may die. She is sentenced to transportation for life."

Their Lordships after hearing arguments confirmed the conviction and sentence.

Mr. A. G. Sathye appeared for the accused.

The Government Pleader represented the Crown.

### TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

Deferred telegrams at half rates are accepted for Bushire and Bunder Abbas in Persia if addressed to British French or Irdian military officers. Deferred telegrams for Persian Gulf offices Charbar Jask Henjam Muscat Bahrein and Lingah are accepted, but week-end traffic for the Persian Gulf and Persian offices will not be accepted.

### WEAVING SCHOOL AT MANDVI.

Under the auspices of the Mandvi D. C. C., a weaving school is to be opened at Mandvi, where weaving will be taught free of charge. The opening ceremony of the school will be performed by Maulana Shankat Ali at 9 a.m. (B.T.). The building of the institution is situated down Mazgaon bridge by the factory of H I. Dixon in Sheth Velji Lakhmshi Napu's Wadi, Mazagaon.

### THE PARSI NEW YEAR GATHERING.

Under the auspices of the Ratheshtar Mandal a Parsi gathering will be held this morning at the Empress Cinema Theatre, Lamington Road, at 10 a.m. (S.T.) to exchange greetings of their New Year when Shams-ul-ulms, Dr. J. J. Mody will preside. There will be short sermons from Miss Baiai L. Palemkote and Mr. B. S. Banaji on the prosperity of the Parsi community. There will also be music, songs and a display from the Parsi Boy Scouts.

### GUZRATI STREE MANDAL.

An interesting function of the annual gathering of the Gujarati Stree Mandal took place on the 7th Sept., H. H. Nazli Begum Saheba presiding. A programme of songs and speeches was gone through. The Vice President of the Mandal paid handsome tribute to H. H. Nazli Begum Saheba and Atiya Begum for the popularity they had earned all over India and their noble work for the nation. Her Highness delivered an impressive address on the present situation in the course of which she said that the Indian woman's work was mighty and should be untainted by hypocrisies and personal jealousies. She urged the Mandal to use Khadi and impressed upon them the importance of the unity of Muslims and Hindus.

Her Highness is presiding at the Jain Stree Mandal meeting on the 15th September.

## LEADING NON-COOPERATIONS IN CALCUTTA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8.

A number of leading non-cooperators from other provinces are now in Calcutta and conferring with Mr. Gandhi regarding the programme of work. Moulana Abdul Bari of Lucknow arrived here to-day.

## MAHATMA GANDHI'S CONFERENCE WITH MARWARI MERCHANTS.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8.

Last night Mr. Gandhi had a conference with Marwari cloth merchants. The latter assured Mr. Gandhi that they would abide by the decision of their Chamber and would not purchase foreign cloth till the end of December. Mr. Gandhi wanted an undertaking that they would not deal with foreign cloth any more without any time-limit to which they did not agree. There will be another conference on the 13th.

# BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

## Engagements.

TODAY.

Poona Races: Big meeting 4th day.
S. S. Donola with the English mails, leaves at 1 p.m.
Parsi New Year: Yezdejardi 1291. (Banks closed).

SUNDAY, Sept. 11.

Mails for L. Marquis and S. Africa per extra s.s. "Nmvola" close at 6-30 p.m.
Cricket Matches: Spencer Cup Team vs. Hindu Gym. (Return).

MONDAY, Sept 12.

Municipal Corporation, 4-40 p.m.
P. and O. steamer "Soudan" with outward mails of August. 25th expected to arrive at 11 a.m.

THURSDAY, Sept. 15.

Third Classical Concert in aid of the Women's University Settlement Holiday Home, Y.W.C.A., Hall Mayo Road, 6 p.m.

## Domestic Diference.

### DEATH.

GUZDER.—Bai Aimae, daugher of Hormasjee Bapoojee Guzder and widow of Muncharsha Ruttonjee Parekh, died on Friday, 9th September at Guzder House, Mandlic Road, Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

### NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Gentlemen of the Special and Common Jury summoned for the ensuing Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on Monday morning the 12th instant at 11 o'clock (S T.)

C1078S

### BYCULLA D. C. COMMITTEE.

A public meeting under the auspices of the Byculla D C. Committee will be held to-night at 8-30 (S.T.) in the Girl's School compound at 9th Kamatipura when Mrs. Naidu, Moulana Shankat Ali and Dr. Savarkar and other Congress leaders will address on "Temperence and Picketing."

### BHARAT BANDHUSAMAJ.

Under the auspices of the above Samaj, Mr. Shanker Gabaji Kekane will deliver an address on "Our Duty towards Mother" in Marathi at Mr. Damodar Ramchandra Karad at Bohre's Chawl, Grant Road, on Sunday at 9 p.m. Mr. Dashtharao Panduji Banker has kindly consented to preside.

### FANCY BAZAR,

The members of the Society of Our Lady of Piety, Dabul, are arranging to hold a Fancy Bazzar on the 18th of October in aid of the poor and appeal to all to make it a success.

The National watch by Messrs. Valy Mahomed and Co., of Bombay, which contains the figures of India's principal workers in the cause of national regeneration, in its dial, should attract the attention of the patriotic public. The watch is priced at Rs. 20.

### ELPHINSTONE ROAD CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETY.

The adjourned general meeting of the above society will be held at the registered office at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.) on Sunday, the 11th instant to consider the amendment of certain bye-laws, filling up vacancies in the Managing Committee and any other business that may be brought forward.

### INDIAN CHRISTIAN'S SUICIDE.

On Thursday morning at about 10 a.m., a dead body of an Indian Christian, aged about 35 years, was found washed ashore at Chowpaty. The police had it removed to the morgue where it was identified as that of a Compositor, working in the Government Central Press, named Augustine Pais. For the last six years the deceased was suffering periodically from fits of mental derangement. His wife and children were at Mangalore and he had some family troubles about his property. In 1917 the deceased had once jumped from board the ship "Kermala," near Plymouth, but was rescued.

At an inquest held over his body at the Coroner's Court yesterday, the jury returned a verdict of suicide whilst mentally deranged.

Professor P. A. Wadia will deliver his second lecture on "Art and Religion" in the School of Sociology (Royal Science Institute) on Monday, the 12th September, at 5-30 p.m. The lecture is open to the public.

### BRAHMIN SABHA GANESH UTSAV.

Under the auspicies of the above Sabha the following public lectures will be delivered today (Saturday) at the Commercial Museum Hall, Girgaum.

Dr. Mrs. Indumatibai L.C.P.S. of Poona, on "Swadeshi" (for Ladies only) at 3-0 p.m (S.T.) when Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhalay will preside. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu has kindly consented to grace the occasion.

Mr. M. R. Jaykar, Bar-at-law on "Some aspects of present situation" at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

Mr. S. N. Chafekar, M.A., LL.B. on "Yadna" at 9-30 pm. (S.T.)

### F WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A general meeting of all the members of F. Ward will take place on Monday, next at 9-15 p.m. To enlist the vacancies of 57 members in the Managing Committee.

### ENGLISH MAILS.

The Mail steamer 'Kashgar' has on board the outward mails of the 1st instant arrived at Port Said on Thursday, the 8th instant. The N. Y. K. steamer 'Tamba Maru' left Hongkong for Singapore on the 7th instant.

### CLASSICAL CONCERT.

The Third Classical Concert in aid of the Women's University Settlement Holiday Home, will take place at the Y.W.C.A. Hall, Mayo Road on Thursday next, (September 15th) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) Tickets, Rs. 5, 3 and 2, from Messrs Rose and Co or at the doors

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Matunga Congress Committee will take place on Monday next, at 9 p.m. at the Committee's office

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*THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.*
*Saturday, September 10, 1921.*

## I. C. S., PLEAS ECOPY.

While the European Services in India are strenuously helping democracy and improving their emoluments, a reference to the treatment of the Civil Service in Great Britain may reveal the advantages that the former enjoy under the rule of a Secretary of State who indulges their claims with open-handed generosity. Though Mr. Montagu is not this year prepared to order a "general revision" of salaries, he is endeavouring to remove "inequalities", increase overseas allowances and supplement exchange compensation allowance. To the taxpayer, the particular periphrasis makes no difference when he has to foot the bill. The last item of improvement was first introduced when exchange was very low, but when exchange became stable, the bureaucracy forgot the purpose of the allowance and "consolidated" it. The brief period of exchange slump in the first half year, has been ingeniously exploited, and now we have on the eve of a rising exchange, considerable provisions of a permanent character being made on account of a transient trade phase. Honestly, there ought to be deductions in respect of exchange appreciation, but it is a suggestion offensive to memorialists. The recent curtailment of Civil Service expenditure in Great Britain is in these circumstances worthy of special attention in this country, because it brings out the spirit underlying the contrast. When the Civil Service Estimates were introduced by Sir Robert Horne, there was strong criticism of the hesitating manner in which the bill of Civil Servants was cut down. We hope that in reflecting on the various reductions voluntarily effected by the British Government, the policy obtaining in India will be brought into naked relief. One of the criticisms directed against the Government, was that in the higher grades officials were overpaid in Britain. The Civilian at the top gets £3,000 a year, a figure which contrasts unfavourably with the emoluments and prospects of a Secretary to Government in this country. Sir Robert Horne, timidly, brought forward the contention that since commercial magnates earned £5,000, the pay of the Civilian should not be deemed excessive. Captain Benn and other Liberals quashed this mercenary plea, which is, by the way, reiterated in India when a Hewell or a Gubbay gets the offer of a finer job. The Civil Service is an educated profession, like law or medicine; the Civil Servant has a safe tenure of office which is rare in liberal professions; and the Civil Servant must not expect a competency higher than that of a plodding lawyer or successful journalist. In India the mercenary allurements of Government employment were distinct from the days of the East India Company, and the pay of officers was rated on the scale of successful fortune-hunting. Preposterous as the system has been in a country that is poor and shows a lower cost of living, it continues to flourish; and till the tradition of profiteering in the Services is destroyed root and branch, we shall not get that type of patriotic officials who have in England now accepted reduction of pay in view of financial exigencies.

In view of the general distress of wage-earners during the war, the British Government gave to the Civil Servant a bonus in addition to his salary. This bonus provided that there should be a sliding scale according as the percentage in the cost of living rose or fell. The index number of prices was consulted and where there was a fall by five points, the Civil Servant gave up a twenty-sixth part of his bonus. There was a specific purpose for thus burdening the tax-payer, who was to be relieved according to the fall of prices. Look at the contrast in India. Whereas we in India paid £16,700,000 to our "heavenborn" friends in 1917-18, we are in 1921-22 paying £37,500,000. On the other hand England is going to reduce payment to her Civil Service to the tune of £11,000,000 as from September. A patriotic Government has to make an attempt at economy in times of deficit; a patriotic Civil Service has to accept it; and the tax-payer is not squeezed for the gratification of any mandarin. In addition to the reduction of the Civil Service Bonus in September, there is a point of policy that is worthy of note. The higher ranks of the Service submit to a more drastic process of reduction than the lower ranks. The compassion for, and precedence of, the lower ranks of the public service may appear strange in India, but it is, we suggest, worthy of imitation A general cut of the bonus is to affect all ranks of the Service who got bonuses on account of war-distress, and the British Government are also employing a "super-cut" to normalise the gains of the superior grades of the Civil Service. But the "super cut" does not descend on these who earn less than £500 a year. The Government proposed that no bonus at all should be paid upon any salary over £2,000 a year. Why? In the words of Sir Robert Horne, "the hardship which was caused by the increased cost of living was suffered most by those with incomes of £500 and under, and there was not the same degree of hardship in the case of people whose salaries were much in excess of that." There are 770 permanent Civil Servants with salaries of over £1,000 a year (exclusive of bonus) and upon this small body will fall the greater part of the saving of a half-a-million which Sir Robert Horne expects from this "super-cut". They will lose as a result £300 to £750 a year, all told.

The Indian Bureaucracy will be agape with wonder at the misfortune of their brethren, when they are raking in increments on divers grounds, leaving the residue of revenue for the Councils to bless themselves with. Will not the stunt of "grave discontent" work? The bluff about "resignation"? And the howl about the service being "discredited" and future generations eschewing it, preferring to become little Pierpont Morgans? Parliament expects some natural dissatisfaction among officials who are told to relieve the burden on taxpayers, but there is the compensating fact that the Services have a patriotic interest in the solvency of the country and they are intelligent enough to make a sacrifice. They are not migratory hordes; they are citizens first and money-grabbers next. Secondly there is the forbidding murmur of the taxpayer himself to dispel temptations of refined dacoity, and the Services cannot without very adequate reason apply pressure on Parliament. Thus it is that, thanks to the robust determination of Government, the salaries of the Civil Service are brought into parity with the position of national finance and the burden of the tax-payer. It is an example worth copying, but we have no hope of voluntary redress from the hands of the official caste in India. Till a drastic scheme of reduction is prosecuted in the sphere of salaries, the country will have little left for ameliorative purposes. Equally important is the example of giving priority of attention to the lower ranks of the Service, before the superior grades have finished surfeiting themselves on the sly. Between the experiences of the "Home" Civil Service and the Indian Civil Service, there are hence many striking differences. While the former surrenders profit in view of national distress, the latter is wholly dead to the principle of prudently waiting a little before making an effort to multiply the excesses of gain. What is behind this contrast? What is the way of relief?

## THE SPIRIT OF ISLAM.

The attempt in certain quarters to represent the "forcible conversions" reported as having been perpetrated by the Moplah rioters in Malabar as typically Islamic will not deceive anyone who has realised the spirit, or studied the teaching, of Islam. The Holy Coran says: "There is no compulsion in religion. The Right Direction is henceforth distinct from error; and he who believes in Allah and rejects vain superstitions has grasped a firm handle which will never break." "Verily those who believe, and those who keep the Jew's religious rule and Christians and Sabaeans—whosoever believes in Allah and the Last Day, and does good works—their reward is with their Lord and there shall no fear come upon them, neither shall they suffer grief."

"And they say, none enters Paradise except he be a Jew or a Christian. These are their own desires. Say", Bring your proof (of that which you assert) if you are truthful. Nay, but whosoever turns his face to God while doing good (to men) surely his reward is with his Lord, and there shall no fear come upon them, neither shall they suffer grief."

"And each one has a place towards which he turns his face in prayer; so vie with one another in good works. Wheresoever you may be, Allah will bring you all together. Verily Allah has absolute power over all things."

We could multiply such quotations which go to prove the spirit of tolerance which pervades the sacred book, tolerance of everything save what is evil. The test of true religion does not consist in any details of a creed, but it consists in conduct; and a man who turns his face to God, while doing good to man, according to the Law of God revealed in the Coran—whether he be a Muslim or a Christian or a Jew or a Pagan (the word Sabaean is by man of the ancient commentators taken to connote pagan)—is in the way of salvation, since God's law is not for Mohammedans only but for all the world. Contrast this with the teaching of ecclesiastical Christianity and rabbinical Judaism which declare salvation to be the prerogative of their own communities. Directly Mohammedans think of themselves as specially favoured of God on account of their repeating certain formulas, they fall into the error of the Jews and Christians against which the Holy Prophet was thus warned in the Coran: "And the Jews will not be pleased with thee, nor the Christians, until thou follow their religion. Say: Allah's guidance is (true) guidance. And if thou follow their desires after the knowledge which has come to thee, then wilt, thou have from Allah neither friend nor helper." The knowledge which had come to him was this: that men are judged by conduct, not by details of a creed. This is a wider basis for the Kingdom of God than the bigoted "desires" of any partisans of this or that community. It includes the whole world and the test by which men will be judged is not creed but conduct. Therefore "There is no compulsion in religion. The Right Direction is henceforth distinct from error." It is for that Right Direction that the Muslims stand as witnesses, as guides and, if need be, as martyrs. They are the army of the Kingdom of God on earth, pledged to maintain the Sacred Law and spread the knowledge of it, pledged to defend goodness wherever found against evil, wherever found. We have before us a clear issue between right and wrong to-day. Is it not pitiful, if true, that there are Muslims at the present day so ignorant that they can think of "forcible conversion" (contradiction in terms!) as a service to the sacred cause of el Islam. The need of proper Muslim education is self-evident.

## Notes of the Day.

Aman Sabhas.

During the War the art of recruiting by methods of press gang was carried to perfection under the regime of Sir Michael O'Dwyer. The world war has ended, but various provincial authorities in India are engaged in an equally ruthless campaign against the non-cooperators. The Government of the United Provinces takes the palm among the provincial administrations for the zeal displayed and the unscrupulousness of the methods by which the war is waged. As a counterblast to the Congress and Khilafat organisations, an officially propped up net-work of Aman Sabhas has been established, by relaxing the rule which forbade Government servants to meddle in politics and by simultaneously gagging most of the Congress and Khilafat workers and proscribing public meetings in several of the districts. By these means an artificial "public" opinion favourable to Government has been created and it is loudly proclaimed in the Anglo-Indian and ministerial press that the Non-Cooperation movement has been stamped out and that thousands have joined the Aman Sabhas. That the vast majority of the members of these Sabhas have joined them either through sheer ignorance of the real aims of the movement or through pressure brought upon them by the unscrupulous underlings of officialdom has been plain to even observers outside the province. As an example of the unscrupulous methods employed to swell the ranks of members of the Aman Sabhas, we quote from the "Leader" of the 8th instant, the following translation of a notice served on one Jagat Lal, Mudarris, obviously an employee of the Education Department of the province:—

"To Jagat Lal, Mudarris,
Korratadeh,
Resident of Narhi.

Whereas you did not join the Aman Sabha meeting held in village Narhi in spite of the fact that the head Mudarris of Narhi went to your place several times to call you and as it has come to my knowledge that you are a non-cooperator, you are suspended from office and you are asked to explain as to why you behaved in that manner and did not attend the Sabha.

(Sd.) Deputy Inspector of Schools,
Ballia."

July 8, 1921.

We have been hearing, of late, of forcible conversions of Hindus by Moplah fanatics. One would like to know if there is much to distinguish between the religious zeal of the Moplahs and the political zeal of the underlings of the United Provinces Government. By the way, what has Mr. Chintamani to say of the recruiting methods of his subordinates?

**Modern "Roi Soleil."**

We have been hearing a lot of late in the Anglo-Indian and Moderate press about the "autocracy" of Mahatma Gandhi, though it is sheer perversion of language to characterise as autocracy mere suggestions which one is at perfect liberty to accept or reject as he likes. For a real autocrat we must look to the official, whom no one would be able to beat in the game of downright *Zabbardustism*. We should like to know if any act of Mahatma Gandhi could approach, in point of autocracy, the step taken by Sir William Marris, Governor of Assam, in respect of trees in the capital of his province. It is stated that a circular has been sent to all the house-owners in Shillong, over the signature of the officiating Deputy Commissioner, K. and J. Hills, stating that

'His Excellency Sir William Marris is of opinion that there are far too many trees in the station and that a number of trees require to be felled, on aesthetic as well as on sanitary grounds. A Committee has been appointed for this purpose, consisting of the Deputy Commissioner, K. and J. Hills, Mr. Trofford, Conservator of Forests, and Mr. Milray, Deputy Conservator. . . ."

Louis XIV himself could not have behaved more imperiously. It will be noted that there is not even the pretence made that the opinion that there are "too many trees" in Shillong is held by the Governor-in-Council; it is only on the strength of the opinion held by "His Excellency Sir William Marris", that a crusade is to be launched against the trees. Further, in the appointment of the Committee not only is the Legislative Council ignored, but in its personnel too the Moderate leaders of Assam, who are so anxious to "cooperate" with the "rulers", are kept at arms' length. What a lesson in official Cooperation!

**A Thought for the Day.**

The overflowing speeches made in the Council of State and the Legislative Assembly by the very moderate and "representative" gentry, in connection with the Malabar disturbances, have induced an anonymous wit to send us the following passage as forming an appropriate thought for the day:—

"Orlando: A butcher's daughter flirting with a grocer's heir is of importance to the grocer community, but none to the world at large. So the buffoons coquetting with the Italian Government is indeed an event of significance, but there is no proof that it is of consequence. The leaders of the buffoons represent no one but themselves. They are as much representative of public opinion as geese are representative of Pekinese pups."—(From "Leone": *A Play of Italian National Life.*)

## FORCED LABOUR.

### A FEAST OUTRAGE ON HINDUSTAN-TIBET ROAD.

(By S. E. STOKES.)

An excellent example of the attitude of mind displayed by some of the travelers on the Hindustan-Tibet road was furnished me upon arrival at [illegible] Mathiana stage as I returned to Kotgarh. I give it to illustrate why we have felt that all ideas of forced labour must be absolutely abolished from the minds of our officials and the "ruling race", if the rights and self-respect of the ignorant and defenceless hill people are to be protected.

It appears that two young officers of the R. F. A. at present stationed at Ambala, if my information is correct, have come up to shoot in Kulu. Their names are L. Furz-Morrish and C. H. L. Penney. I have learned that they bring a letter from Mr. Gibson, Conservator of Forests, to the various chiefs in route, asking them to aid in the matter of procuring mules, etc.

These young men arrived at Mathiana with mules on the 22d. There they insisted upon keeping the animals, refused to give the mule drivers enough money to feed themselves and their mules for the night, and beat the man who asked for an advance for that purpose. They then sequestered the pack saddles, etc., in their quarters. The unfortunate drivers having nothing to eat, escaped during the night leaving their property at Mathiana.

As a result of Mr. Gibson's letter, the Manager of Kanothal had sent an order to Naib-Thasildar Bhagvan Das to get them mules to Narkanda. The only ones available belonged to a local shopkeeper by name Chaudri, and were at the time out "on grass"—a period then by universal custom absolutely no work is required of them.

The man was forced to bring them in and send them to Narkanda. Upon reaching that place Messrs. Morrish and Penney insisted that the mules should accompany them to Kulu, and upon the refusal of the mule drivers, forcibly took the pack-saddles, blankets, and other trappings of the animals and gave them in charge of the [illegible] Bangalow Khansama. When one of the mule men—by name Beli—then urged that he should be at least given enough money to feed the mules and his companions, one of the officers (I think it was Furz-Morrish) kicked him several times with this heavy boot. This was done, I hear, in the presence of Bhina, the second mule driver. I hear that Balia, a servant of Narain Das, was also struck, though I had no time to verify this. As a consequence these men also fled with their mules, and without their trappings, in the course of the night. The latter are still in the charge of the Khansama who has orders from Furz-Morrish not to give them back until he and his companions return from their Kulu trip. I have myself seen the list of articles sequestered, signed by this man. It should especially be noted that neither at Mathiana or Narkanda were those who brought their luggage paid a pice by these young lords of creation.

I found them at Narakanda upon my arrival there busily engaged in finding further means of transport. Naturally no one was prepared to carry for them. The day before they had been down to see the Rana of Kumarsain about the matter, who as a result of Mr. Gibson's letter, promised to help them, and sent a policeman up with orders that they were to be furnished with either mules or coolies. Finally 16 men were found prepared to carry their stuff back to Mathiana, but in view of the record of the officers they said that they would not touch the luggage until they had been paid in full. After much delay and a number of threats this was done. They then took their loads after one of the officers had sent them information that "If any man drops his kit on the road I'll nearly kill him; he will wish he had never been born." I heard him say this myself.

The whole affair gives rise to a number of reflections. Knowing, as he certainly does, how these matters are managed in the Hill States, why should Mr. Gibson recommend State officials to help these private pleasure seekers, when he is aware that orders have been issued that no *begar* is to be given to them? Does this not at least amount to an attempt to circumvent the purpose of those instructions? Again, by what right were the mules—the private property of the shop-keepers—forcibly taken to carry the luggage of trippers? Then, how can we describe the conduct of these "Officers and and Gentlemen" who use their position and superior strength to bully and ill-treat the poverty stricken and defenceless people of these hills?

We shall now wait with interest to see what action will be taken by the authorities with regard to the utterly unjust and high-handed actions of these two young R. F. A. officers. None, we expect, such is racial equality in India.

We nationalists are working for a reactification of relationships which will destroy the attitude of mind upon both sides which make such actions possible.

# IRISH PEACE PARLEY AGAIN.

## SINN FEINERS INVITED FOR A CONFERENCE.

## CABINET'S DECISION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 9.

It is officially announced that the Cabinet has invited the Sinn Feiners to a conference at Inverness on September 20th to ascertain how the association of Ireland with the British Empire can be reconciled with Irish national aspirations.

## CABINET CONFERENCE BROKEN UP.

### FITZALAN & MACREADY RETURN TO LONDON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Sept. 9.

The Cabinet Conference at Inverness has broken up, and Mr. Fitzalan and Genl. Macready have returned to London.

## DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.

### LABOUR'S DEMAND FOR ADEQUATE REPRESENTATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Sept. 9.

The Trade Union Congress, to-day, passed a resolution, moved by Mr. J. H. Thomas M. P., declaring that the Disarmament Conference will be unsatisfactory unless Labour is adequately represented, and claiming that the Congress is entitled to appoint representatives. The resolution protested against the British Government's "Extensive Armaments Programme" and asks for the suspension of all war preparations, at least until the Disarmament Conference has finished its work.

## UNEMPOLYMENT DEMONSTRATIONS IN BRITAIN.

### CABINET APPOINTS A COMMITTEE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 1 p.m., Sept. 9.

Unemployed demonstrations marked by unruly scenes have occurred in various places in the provinces and notably South Wales. Sunderland, Bristol, Liverpool and Dundee. The most serious trouble took place at Dundee where windows were smashed and shops looted.

The Cabinet meeting at Inverness has appointed a Committee comprising Sir Robert Horne, Mr. Macnamara, Sir Alfred Mond and Mr. Robert Munro to deal with the unemployed problem.

## DEFICIT IN BENGAL REVENUE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8.

The Hon. Mr. J. H. Kerr, the Hon. Sir Surendranath Banerjea, the Hon. Mr. P. C. Mitter and Babu Surendranath Mullick, M.L.C., have left for Simla to re-arrange the Bengal provincial revenues to meet two crores of deficit. Moulvi A. K. Fazlul Huq, also a member of the deputation, left yesterday to strengthen the hands of the deputationists.

The Bengal Chamber of Commerce is holding a conference to-morrow of landholders and commercial associations.

## BOYCOTT OF FOREIGN CLOTH

### MAHATMA'S ADVICE TO CALCUTTA SIKHS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, September 7.

This evening Mr. Gandhi, Lala Lajpat Rai, Moulana A. K. Azad and Sobani addressed a meeting of the Sikh residents of Calcutta and urged boycott of foreign cloth.

## CHEAP GRAIN SHOPS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Sept. 8.

The Secretaries of the local Khilafat and the Congress Committees at Philibit have been requested to cooperate with the Government officials and the leading public men to help in collection of funds to start cheap grain shops, as that object is in no way political. Their replies are awaited. At a meeting on Wednesday Mr. Hallowes, Collector, presiding, Rs. 5,000 was contributed towards the purpose, Rs. 1,000 being contributed immediately to sell grain at one seer per rupee above the market price to all persons drawing less than Rs. 30 per month.

## IMPRISONMENT FOR ILLICIT DISTILLATION OF LIQUOR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAGPUR, September 8.

One Rajva and Mohanyh Gond and one female named Nagi were convicted and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment for illicit distillation of liquor by Mr. G. K. Tiwari, First Class Magistrate.

# TERRIBLE RUSSIAN FAMINE.

## THREE MONTHS BLAZING DROUGHT.

## AN UNIMPEACHABLE ACCOUNT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Sept. 9.

An unimpeachable account of the terrible famine conditions in parts of Russia and the powerlessness of the Soviet to cope with them has been obtained from an intimate letter written to Lutovinov, the Soviet representative in Berlin, by his brother in Moscow. The latter in a graphic story based on the results of the official investigations into the whole situation, with which he was entrusted along the banks of the Volga, mentions that three months' blazing drought left absolutely nothing in the Samara area, even the locusts perishing for want of food. He says that the famine which is only now beginning incomparably surpasses that in 1891 when the administrative machine was functioning properly in contrast with the present disorganisation and the ruins of Russia are being finally ground into dust.

The writer surveys the prospects in frank but pessimistic terms. He shows that the sole inhabitants of the former rich district of Samara are the aged who remain to die in their corners. The peasants of Saratov have been driven to the extreme of selling their children into slavery and whole families are going into servitude for a few poods of flour. Those who remain have to satisfy the demands of the horde of the Soviet officials and have to supply army.

The writer describes the feeling of demoralisation and confusion which have overcome the staunchest comrades. He thinks that the first consignment of corn from abroad will transform the people into deadly foe of the Government.

Referring to the Soviet's opposition to allowing foreign charitable organisations to combat the famine he says the alternatives are the sacrifice of twenty million starving people to the utopian folly of a world revolution and on the bones of dying people continue to wave the red standard or to stand with the people and share their burden in order to save millions from starvation. He declares that he has chosen the latter and believes that his brother will do the same.

## "SAVE THE CHILDREN FUND."

### FOOD STEAMER SAILS FOR RUSSIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 1 p.m., Sept. 9.

Loaded with 65 tons of foodstuffs for the starving children also cotton-waste and oil for the purpose of facilitating the running of food-trains, a steamer left Mill-Wall yesterday *en route* for Russia under the auspices of "Save the Children Fund."

## "INDIAN REVOLUTIONARY" MOVEMENT.

### TIRED OF THE POLICY OF FOREIGN HELP

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 7.
Recd. 1 p.m., Sept. 9.

Reval.—A telegram from Baku says that the "Indian Revolutionary Resident" in Russia considers that foreign help in the conduct of a revolutionary movement in India has done more harm than good. "Our Comrades" from Europe and America are rivalling the Indians and "burning with bitter jealousy, are determined to discredit them with all means in their power." He says:—"During the last three months the very name of "Indian Revolutionary" has become odious as meaning dirty intrigues, backbitings and petty bickerings. It is intended to give up this policy and do our work on our own resources."

## BOARD OF TRADE RETURNS FOR AUG.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Sept. 9....

The Board of Trade Returns for August show that Imports amounted to 88,500,000 pounds worth, compared with 153,000,000 during the corresponding period of the last year and Exports 51,000,000 compared with 115,000,000 last year. The largest decreases in imports are in Raw Materials and unmanufactured Articles, whilst the reduction of Exports is almost wholly in the Manufactured Articles.

## CABLE ITEMS.

Lieut.-Colonel James Bird Hutchison, a late member of the Legislative Council of the Punjab, died to-day whilst playing chess with his grandson at Camberley.

The flags were flown at half-mast from ship in Devonport Harbour to-day and Flagship H. M. S. "Impregnable" fired one-minute guns as the H. M. S. "Dauntless" steamed out of harbour, bound for New York, with the bodies of American victims of R. 38.

The death is announced of Sir David Erskine.

# CAPTURE OF ANGORA.

## STILL UNCONFIRMED.

## GREEK LEFT WING BUSY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Sept. 9.

A Smyrna report of the capture of Angora, is still unconfirmed. Reuter's Athens correspondent, wiring on September 5th, says that the Greek left wing is engaged in a sectional fighting, and aeroplanes have bombed the Angora Railway station.

Ottawa.—The Arbitration Board appointed by the Government to determine the value of the preference and common stock of the Grand Trunk Railway, recently acquired by the Government has decided that the stock is valueless.

## SEQUEL TO ERZBERGER'S MURDER.

### SERIOUS RIOTING AT SPIRES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Sept. 9.

Paris.—A telegram from Mayence reports a serious rioting took place at Spires, in Bavaria, on the occasion of the workmen's demonstration in connection with the murder of Herr Erzberger. Government offices were partly demolished, and numerous arrests effected. Workmen struck work in order to obtain the release of imprisoned persons and stormed Government offices, with the result that the police fired their rifles, one workman being killed and many wounded.

## GERMAN INDUSTRY AND ENTERPRISE.

### SIR TREVOR DAWSON'S TRIBUTE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 1 p.m., Sept. 9.

At the opening of the Shipping and Engineering Exhibition at Olympia Sir Trevor Dawson, Chairman of the Vickers, paid a tribute to the industry and enterprise of Germany whence he has just returned. He declared that the engineering and electrical works were hives of industry, perfectly equipped with high output and Labour working harmoniously on the wages of four marks an hour, which at the present rate of exchange is equivalent to three-pence per hour compared with twenty-one pence paid to similar workers in England.

## THE LEAGUE & ITS TERRITORIAL QUARRELS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 0.30 a.m. Sept. 10.

**Geneva.—Besides the Upper Silesian** Problem, on which a Committee is working secretly, the Assembly of the League of Nations is confronted with three territorial quarrels between its members. They Problem, on which a Committee is work- are firstly, disagreement between Poles and Lithuanians, in regard to the possession of Vilna, secondly the quarrel between Albania, Greece and Serbia, over the South Albanian Frontier, and, thirdly, Bolivia's application for the revision of her 1904 Treaty with Chile. The Armaments Blockade Commission has agreed to the proposal of Lord Robert Cecil for the utmost publicity of meeting of the Commission.

M. Viviani, in a statement on the Commission's work said that enquiries made regarding the possibility of limiting the National Expenditure on Armaments were inconclusive as most of the countries which had been interrogated had insisted upon the uncertainty of political situation. The Amendments Commission of the League has rejected the Argentine amendment for the immediate admission of all sovereign states.

The Congress arbitration Committee completed deliberations at Bellary on September 7, after examining important witnesses, three on each side. Decision is not yet made known.

# LORD WILLINGDON'S NON-CO-OPERATION.

## MOPLAH RISING DUE TO AGRARIAN CAUSES.

## LOCAL OFFICIAL INDISCRETION.

## MADRAS MASS MEETING.

(From our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Sept. 6.

A mass meeting of the citizens of Madras was held on Saturday the third instant at the beach, Mr. S. Srinivas Iyengar, Member of the Legislative Council and late Advocate-General presiding. The first resolution, emphatically repudiating the statements and innuendoes made by H. E. Lord Willingdon in his speech at the Madras Legislative Council on Thursday last to the effect that the propaganda associated with the name of Mahatma Gandhi was responsible for disturbance in Mallabar and asserting that it was the provocative policy of the district authorities and Government that was responsible for the disturbances, was unanimously passed. The second resolution, expressing the opinion of the meeting that disturbances in Malabar ought to have been put down by the civil authority with the assistance of the military and that there was no necessity to place a large part of Malabar under martial law for to resort to wholesale shooting of Moplah mobs, was also unanimously passed. The meeting also warned the authorities against resorting to any methods of frightfulness in order to produce moral effect on the people. The other resolutions repudiated the assertion of the Governor in his speech on Thursday last that disturbances in the city were due to the malignant influence of political agitators and requested an importial inquiry into the several shooting incidents and expressed belief that the intervention of the Labour Commissioner and the police on behalf of audhi-dravidas had increased the trouble. A committee was appointed to visit the disturbed area and restore peace and order.

FOR
INDIA'S SALVATION
POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC
BOYCOTT FOREIGN CLOTH.
WEAR KHADI.
MAKE YOUR SACRIFICE FOR INDIA'S FREEDOM.

### LORD WILLINGDON'S NON-COOPERATION.

The Chairman in the course of his concluding speech said that Lord Willingdon was a non-cooperator with all the non-cooperators. The bulk of the people in India were in their hearts non-cooperators. Whether in action they were so or not, most of them were becoming more and more non-cooperating in spirit, owing to the policy adopted by the Madras Government. They were not becoming non-cooperators simply to be called non-cooperators but because their grievances were not redressed. They were, therefore, obliged to adopt a new method to get their wrongs redressed and to win Swaraj. The Government had not acted up to their principle that they would not take action against non-cooperators so long as they were non-violent. If the Government had not done so, no disturbance in Malabar nor in Madras would have taken place. Though the non-cooperation movement had grown strong in the Andhra country there was no disturbance there.

### REAL CAUSE OF DISTURBANCES.

The disturbance in Madras and Malabar was therefore caused by purely local conditions and not by non-cooperation. If the Moplahs were handled with statesmanship and wisdom they would not have rebelled. The speaker then said that Mr. Thomas was neither a popular nor a suitable collector and that he was kept too long in Malabar. The real cause of the Moplah rising was the agrarian troubles and the police action. One of the communiques issued by Mr. Thomas attributed the outbreak to the arrest of a Moplah leader in a mosque. Why did the Government take this action? If non-cooperators were left alone they would do very little harm. The Madras Government were wrong in recommending the Viceroy that parts of Malabar should be placed under martial law. There was no doubt that excesses were committed by the mob. The question was whether or not the collector and the police gave provocation to Moplahs and brought them into a state of

(Continued on next page.)

# ARREST OF A RELIGIOUS DIVINE.

## SENSATION AT FARIDPUR.

## MAHATMAJI'S ADVICE TO BE CALM AND DIGNIFIED.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9.

Immediately on receipt of the news of the arrest of Molvi Badshah Mian Abukhalia Rashiduddin of Faridpur, one of the most respected religious divines and spiritual leaders of Bengal, Mahatma Gandhi and Maulana Mohamed Ali sent the following messages by wire to the secretaries, the Congress and Khilafat Committees, Faridpur:—

Mahatma Gandhi wired:—"Congratulate Badshah Mian Abu Khalid Rashidud Mian on arrest. Thousands of his disciples and friends are likely to get excited. I would urge them to show their regard by immediate adoption of Swadeshi, that is, the boycott of all foreign cloth and the manufacture of Khadi by means of handspinning, and hand-weaving. I trust that the people will keep quiet calm and dignified. Maulana Azad Subhani with certain friends is proceeding to Faridpur to pacify the people—Gandhi."

Maulana Mahomed Ali wired thus:—"Heartily congratulate Badsha Mian on his arrest. Trust hundreds of thousands of Bengal Mussalmans who are his disciples would accept assurance given by leading Indians, Congress and Khilafat Committees that the prison is the gateway of liberty, and, in this belief, would welcome the arrest of their great spiritual preceptor. I trust perfect peace will be maintained and Mussalmans would watch this provocative action with unruffled calm and dignity. I would have gladly come but work here unavoidably detains me. Maulana Subhani Sahib would, however, convey to Mussalmans our messages of peace and orderliness. Succour comes from God and victory is nigh. Mohamed Ali."

## CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

### AUSTRALIANS VS. THORNTON'S ELEVEN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 0.-30 a.m. Sept. 10.

The match between the Australians and Mr. C. I. Thornton's England Eleven commenced to-day at Scarborough in perfect weather, before a record crowd of 10,000 spectators. Mr. Douglas won the toss and the Englishmen batted first on a hard fast wicket. The English side were all dismissed for 280 runs, after 4 hours 3 minutes, Sandham 56, Douglas 61, and Woolley 41.

For the Australians, McDonald took 3 wickets for 99 runs, Mailey 3 for 91 Hendry 3 for 45.

The Australians were 30 for the loss of no wickets when the stumps were drawn for the day.

## "GRAND TRUNK" AFFAIRS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.
Recd. 0.-30 a.m. Sept. 10.

The city is thunderstruck at the decision of the Grand Trunk Arbitration Board. The decision is based upon the view that but for the Government's financial support the Grank Trunk must have been forced into Receivership. The stocks in question amount to 37,000,000 million pounds. The question of compassionate consideration for share-holders is left to Government but the Share-holders, who are practically entirely British, are entitled to appeal to the Privy Council. It is noteworthy that the late President Tafts' judgment places the value of the stocks at slightly higher than the maximum fixed by the Act of Parliament under which Government assumed control of the Railway.

(Continued from column 6.)

South African residents in India unless the colonial Government within twelve months concedes full political and municipal rights there will not come up.

### ASSEMBLY'S BLUNDER.

Before concluding the message I must point out the feeling of dissatisfaction and disappointment felt in Simla at the greatest blunder which the Legislative Assembly has committed in its refusal on Monday. last to introduction by Mr. Hailey of a Bill to constitute War Relief Trust for India. The Bill was designed to provide for the gradual development of national army by establishing schools and colleges to the sons of Indian soldiers and officers of Indian army, but Mr. Price was practically able to stampede the whole House by an oration on what might be called abstract political justice. This fact is getting so much on people's nerves that everybody wonders at this poor performance of the Assembly. The refusal has very badly hit the two educational projects for the benefit of Indian boys namely King Georges Royal Indian military school for Indian soldiers' sons and Kitchener College for the sons of Indian officers. The House including that expert on army matters (Sir Siwaswami Iyer) was made to believe that the finance member's proposal was immoral, but it coolly gulped down the suggestion of Mr Price that the balance of the Trust Fund which is mainly Indian should be spent on distressed European ex-service personnel unless the whole country raises its voice of protest effectively the money would be spent on purposes which will not benefit Indians.

# RECESS OF LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## RESOLUTIONS THAT CAME UP:

## THE ASSEMBLY'S ARBITRARY ACTION.

SIMLA, Sept. 8.

All legislative business has been suspended till the forteenth, on account of Moharum and while most of the Mussalman members have gone to the plains, the Hindu element is enjoying perfect rest in the racing climate of Himalayas after this one weeks. In Interrugnum both the Houses will be in full swing with heavy agenda of official and non-official business. As a result of the ballot on Saturday afternoon four resolutions been tabled for discussion in the Council of State of the 15th and a more for 22nd. On the former date Lala Sukhbir Sinha of Muzaffarnagar will introduce his favourite topic, i.e., encouragement of religious and moral education in all aided and Government schools and colleges but the resolution will end in nothing, except a few words of solemn assurances from the Government after the approved bureaucratic style.

### HIGHLY CENTRALISED SYSTEM OF ADMINISTRATION.

A lively debate may however, be expected. On the proposal of Syed Razar Ali of Allahabad for the removal of highly centralised system of administration under which the District Magistrates and Collectors now wield vast powers the exercise of which is by a single individual is in his opinion incompatible with the realisation of responsible Government. Mr. Raza Ali is a keen debator and will no doubt press his points very forcibly on the Government, but what the attitude of official bench towards this motion would be it is not difficult to foresee, because the civilian gang will never tolerate shredding of powers now exercised by the District "Mabaps" for their administrations in these days of Non-co-operation, it would be seriously urged, are growing very difficult and impossible. Moreover, they are the very men on the spot and nothing should be done to militate their efforts in the cause of advancing India on the road to self-Government. The officialised non-officials who are growing in number every day would probably echo these bureaucratic sentiments and the resolution would eventually meet its down.

### COMMITTEE TO RECEIVE PUBLIC PETITIONS.

Sir Maneckjee Dadabhoy intends to move for a joint committee of both the Houses to receive public petitions on all matters relating to personal wrong grievance, etc., with power to examine witnesses and record evidence. This may be a welcome innovation but as majority of our countrymen have lost all faith in utility of either the Legislature or its committees it is safe to prophesy that the resolution will serve no useful purpose, so long, as least as the present system of Goverment continues.

### EQUALITY OF STATUS.

On twenty-second instant both Mr. Lallubhai Smaldas and Mr. V. G. Kale will raise a question of the position of Indians in the colonies and while the former will urge for a policy of equality of status, as laid down in the Government of India despatch on the subject, the latter will go round about and, request that the views of the Legislature be communicated to His Majesty's Government and the Union Government of South Africa. Both these motions are sure to evoke sympathetic support of the Government while accepting the principle would assure the gullibles legislators that every avenue is being explored for a satisfactory settlement of the question by the Secretary of State than whom there whould no more genuine and true friend of India.
true friend.

### LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

The non-official resolutions in the Legislative assembly will be discussed on 20th and 21st instants and as a result of the ballot 17 resolutions been tabled for discussionon former date and nearly equal number on for latter, but only about half-a-dozen of them will be taken upon each day although questions raised are all of sufficient importance. Babu Jadanath Mazumdar and Mr. T. V. Seshagiri Iyer seem determined on changing the autocratic and bureaucratic character of Government of India by the introduction of responsible Government in the centre and while former proceeds with a question by asking for conferment of full dominion self-Government in India from beginning of the fourth term of the Assembly, Mr. Iyer recommends dyarchy; a system which has proved a complete failure in provinces.

### SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL FROM EXECUTIVE.

Mr. T. P. Mukherjee brings in that hardy annual of separation of the judicial from the executive functions in regard to which he recommends the appointment of a committee for preparing a scheme. This question will provoke a debate, but as the member suggests easier course by favouring a committee, it is probably certain, it will be agreed to because the problem can then be solved in a way that will suit bureaucratic inclination and taste.

On the twenty-first Sir Sivaswami Iyer will urge the transfer of judicial administration of N. W. F. Province to the Punjab High Court and a committee on advisability of reamalgamation of five administered districts of the N. W. F. Province to the Punjab. On this motion most of the Punjab members are expected to speak and much time will therefore be taken away so that it is feared, Mr. Shahabuddin's very interesting resolution recommending a reciprocal legislation in respect of the

(Continued in column 5.)

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

### LIST OF BUSINESS ON THE 10TH.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Sept. 8.

Contrary to general expectation it has been decided to hold a meeting of the Legislative Assembly on Saturday, the 10th September when after questions, Mr. Seshagiri Iyer will introduce a bill to amend Hindu Law relating to exclusion from inheritance of certain classes of heirs and to remove certain doubts and Dr. Gour will introduce a bill to prescribe a registered instrument as necessary for valid adoption. Mr. Joshi will move that this Assembly recommends to the Governor-General in Council that he should take steps to introduce at an early date in the Indian Legislature a legislation for the repeal of (a) the Workmen's Breach of Contract Act 13 of 1859, and (b) Sections 490 and 492 of the Indian Penal Code.

Mr Samarth will move that this Assembly recommends to the Governor-General in Council, (a) that all distinctions between Indian and European members of the Indian Civil Service in regard to criminal jurisdiction over European British subjects be abrogated, and (b) that subject to the provisions of Sub-Section (3) of Section 65 of the Government of India Act, all distinctions in the criminal law of India as between Indians on the one hand and European British subjects, Europeans who are not European British subjects, and Americans on the other in regard to the mode of trial, sentence to be passed and the right of appeal be removed.

## MADRAS NEWS.

### FOUNDATION-STONE LAYING.

#### PRINCE NOT LIKELY TO PARTICIPATE IN

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Sept. 8.

The "Madras Mail" understands that information has been received from London announcing that the Prince of Wales, during his visit to India, will participate in no foundation-stone laying ceremonies.

The Executive Committee of the Prince of Wales' Indian Reception Committee held a meeting yesterday and resolved to approach local Government with the request to cable London praying for reconsideration of the matter.

JAIL REFORMS FOR FEMALE PRISONERS.

In accordance with the recommendations of the Jails Committee, the Madras Government have now introduced certain reforms in regard to female prisoners. A new rule has been made that the female prisoners should ordinarily be employed in cooking or in preparation of articles of food such as pounding, husking, or sifting of grain, etc., and that they shall not be employed in grinding, except as punishment. Whenever possible the female prisoners should be given instruction in needle work and such other domestic industries as will be useful to them after release.

ALLEGED SETTING OF FIRE TO MAHOMEDAN HUTS.

It is alleged that the Mahomedan huts in Strahans Road were set fire to by a caste Hindu woman, motive for the woman's alleged offence is not known yet, but she was arrested this morning and released on bail.

ATTEMPT TO CONCILIATE LABOUR TROUBLE.

The Non-Party Consiliation Committee of which Mr. J. F. Simpson is the Chairman have, it appears, communicated with mill authorities who have expressed their readiness to cooperate with it. It is understood the Committee is now in communication with some principal members of the Labour Union.

## MUTUAL ADMIRATION SOCIETY.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I thank you very much for the service you have rendered by exposing the "Reformwallas" in in your yesterday's leader.

The Mutual Admiration Society, as you aptly described it, met and dispersed. But what have they done? The Chairman of the Reception Committee complimented and enlogised the services of Mrs. Besant, the President, and she in return complimented them all, and passed certain resolutions. One wonders what the purpose of the "Conference" was, except to decry the Non-Cooperation movement and its Leader, Mahatma Gandhi. There was also much tall talk about their achievements. No doubt splendid achievement! Have they not righted the Khilafat and the Punjab wrongs? Do they not enjoy *Swaraj* as Sir Surendra Nath boasts? They the cooperators may console themselves what they have got the Government to do what was needful (repression more?) and that the Government can go no further: and this they call splendid achievement!

It is once more proved that Moderates, Cooperators or Leaguers, whatever they may call themselves, have merged in the Bureaucracy, and ceased to exist as a political party in the country. The country now well knows what value to attach to such "Conferences" and the'r falmina. tions, and is not going to be befooled by their empty boasts of achievements, while their failures are too glaring to escape notice.

In their heart of hearts they will know that they have not been able to do any good to the *country* by their "Responsive Cooperation"., Then why persist in the folly?

But who bothers about them and their opinions except themselves? The country is *everyday* gaining fresh strength through the present movement, and is definitely determined to establish Swarajya *this year* whatever the price. With such determination the Nation can ignore the existence of such conferences.—Yours, etc.

M. V. CONTRACTOR.

## DHARWAR FIRING.

### POLICE SUPERINTENDENT'S DEPOSITION.

The first witness to-day was Mr. Marsden, District Superintendent of Police, Dharwar, who gave his evidence seated on the dais to the right of the Judge. Mr. Marsden said on the first of July the judgment in the case of Khilafat volunteers was delivered. Mr. Marsden went to the Magistrate's court and the two volunteers were sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. There was a large crowd about the Court premises, and a stone shied his car, when he was leaving the court. He could not see who the thrower was and Mr. Marsden stopping his car, tried to find out who threw the stone, but did not succeed. The witness told the crowd not to throw more stones and went into the town and was there until 3/45 p.m. for fear of there being a disturbance and thence returned home.

Nothing happened during his visit to the town. On reaching home he found a note from the Inspector's headquarters to the effect that the two volunteers had been taken to the jail, and that only two stones had been throfn into the jail compound before the crowd dispersed. Between four and five. He got a letter from Manekji that stones had been thrown at his house and his servants were beaten. Mr. Marsden sent it to the head-quarters. The Inspector he came back home from play at 6/30 and found Shivlingapa waiting who told him that Manekji was unwilling to prosecute.

WHEN HE HEARD OF RIOT.

Witness went to his Club about 7/45, and shortly after eight a policeman came and told him that there was a great riot in the town and that the town was in flames He and Mr. Smith went to the District Magistrate's bungalow. Witness told Mr Painter what the constable had told him and the three went to the head-quarter police station. He wanted to take every available man in the head-quarters to the scene. On the way he met the then headquarters sub-inspector and he was asked whether all men had gone down, and he told the witness that the last batch was being taken down. He then went to the city police station, and asked that the men should be taken down there. It was 8/20 or there about. He found the police drawn up outside the compound on the road, and he saw a constable lying unconscious in the compound, and some ten constables told him that they were hurt. They were all sent to the hospital.

He there heard the name of Mudwedker and he sent the Sub-Insector to call him, but he could not find him. Mr. Painter and witness advanced up the street where a Kitson light was burning at the end of the road, and there was a fairly big crowd behind the light. Three men were lying on the ground, one was dead and the others were living. A *tonga* was asked to be brought, but it did not turn up. Mr. Painter asked some people to become *panchand*. The whole crowd melted away. Police were brought up and the road was closed and *panchnama* was made. The three bodes were sent to the hospital. The Deputy Superintendent was placed in charge of the case, and they remained on the scene by turns. Great damage was done to the liquor shop and the verandha was full of stones. Mr. Painter drew his attention to the time on the clock the next day and it was 8-20, but that night nobody saw the time on the clock.

SENDING OF BODIES TO HOSPITAL

In reply to Court, Mr. Marsden said the Deputy Superintendent collected the stones. They could not send the bodies to hospital at once, because they could not get a conveyance, and there was no medical aid available. Doctor Kirlosker came about twenty minutes after their arrival and Mr. Painter asked him to examine the bodies, and he put the living body in the conveyance. The Deputy Superintendent was assisted by witness in the investigation, and to his knowledge no other policeman has assisted. The witness was very inaudible, and he was all along mumbling his answers, although the accused complained repeatedly about this. All the witnesses, who are given chairs in the Court, generally mumble out their answers. Witness did not remember who first read the *Panchnama*. The Deputy arrived by the time the *panchnamas* were finished. The stones he saw were both big and small.

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE EVIDENCE.

The District Magistrate Mr. Painter then gave evidence. The witness saw nothing of the disturbance in the town. He heard nothing of the trouble until about 8-15 at his bungalow when a car drove up with the Superintendent and his assistant and he was told that there was a big riot in the town, and it was on fire. The three went to the town and first to the headquarters to see whether the armed constables had gone there or not. One party met them on their way and they told them that armed party had already gone there. Witness then returned to the town. Mr. Painter then retailed all the information that had been given by the previous witness. The bodies were not removed to the hospital at once, because no vehicles were available. The people went away when they were asked to act as *panchas*. He was not a witness to the *panchanamas*....He was present in a larger sense. He was not actually concerned in the drawing up of the *panchnama*. The answer about witness being not a witness to the *panchnamas* was not recorded by the Judge and Mr. Mudwedker drew the Court's attention to it, and the Judge then put it in the record reluctantly.

PASSAGE AT ARMS.

There was some discussion between Mr Mudwedker and the Judge at this stage The judge said he was only making a memorandum of the evidence. Mr. Mudwedker said the Judge should write in the records to that effect. The Court said it was only taking down the substance of the evidence, and if the accused wished, he could cross-examine Mr. Painter. The accused refused to do so and said the Court in that case should write so in the records The Judge then said he was taking down every word of what Mr. Painter was saying The accused said they were the records and everything should go into them.

HEAVY STONES IN COURT.

Mr. Painter was then asked to say whether some of the one and-a-half maund of heavy stones that were in the Court were on the place of riot. Mr. Painter smilingly went up to the bag of stones and picked up a stone weighing about a couple of pounds, and said that was about the size of the stones thrown, some were large and some small and he could not remember seeing the bigger ones.

Mr. Kemp suggested that the stone picked up was a fair sample of the stones lying there. Kabbur, an accused. said this question was suggested after the answer was given. The Judge suggested that the very large stones could not be remembered to have been seen by the witness and Mr. Painter agreed he had specially seen the time on the clock, and it was either twenty or ten minutes to eight and the attention of the Superintendent was drawn to it.

WHAT TIME IT WAS.

To Court Mr. Painter said he did not take particular notice of the clock that night, as he had too much to do to think about it. He was not actually listening to what was written in the *panchnamas*, but was walking about and looking at things generally. The bodies were sent to hospital about an hour after his arrival there. A boy was wounded. Doctor Kirlosker, who came latter, examined the bodies and helped to place the boy in the vehicle. Witness was unable to send the men to hospital earlier, as the *tongas* he had asked people to bring were not brought, and if they had been brought, undoubtedly the bodies would have been sent to the hospital earlier.

## REPRESSION IN DHRANGADRA

### A PROTEST MEETING AT BHAVNAGAR.

(From our own Correspondent.)

A pubic meeting of Bhavnagar citizens was held on the 2nd instant under the presidentship of Mr. Gulabrai Desai to consider Dhrangadra situation and to pass necessary resolutions. A condolence resolution regarding the sad death of Dhrangadra's heir apparent was passed. The president reviewing Dhrangadra situation strongly condemned the repressive policy of Dhrangadra state against harmless movements and reminded the state in clear emphatic words of the utter futility of getting any help from the banquet speeches of the representative of the paramount power or ruler of another state. The President requested the Rajsaheb not to be misguided by the advice of ministers and so-called advisers but to immediately remove all repression and take people into his confidence.

## LORD WILLINGDON'S NON-COOPERATION.

(Continued from previous page.)

open rebellion. The Madras Government failed to do their legitimate function by concentrating too much attention on non-cooperation.

MADRAS DISTURBANCES.

Referring to the disturbances in Madras, the speaker said that H. E. the Governor, time and again, trotted out his pet argument that the Labour Union had been influenced by Non-cooperators. His Excellency should have compelled the mill authorities to take back the starving labourers. Unfortunately His Excellency lacked the elementary gift of statesmanship and blundered frequently, with the result that the tension between the caste Hindus and Audhi Dravidas increased. The Governor had not attempted to unite these two communities who were separated by the mill authorities.

## RAILWAYMEN'S GRATUITY.

### CONFERENCE SECRETARY'S APPEAL.

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala, the Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Conference wishes to draw the attention if all the Managers of the different Railway Unions to kindly send him early at 123, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, complete statements of facts relating to demands and complaints upon which strikes took place on the different lines which ultimately cut off the gratuities of the men, also which of the demands were subsequently allowed by the authorities.

Two resolutions were passed at the first session of the Conference relating to gratuities of Railwaymen and the President Rai Saheb Chandrika Prasad of Ajmere has taken up the question seriously. It needs to be strongly agitated as hundreds of old and decrepit men whose main sustenance was their well-earned gratuity in their old age have been wrongly and unjustly deprived of the same. Mr. Jhabvala hopes all Railwaymen will rise to the need of the hour and help him and the Rai Saheb to earnestly tackle the question.

## THE PRINCE AND DELHI.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, September 8.

Delhi Municipality has unanimously passed a resolution cordially welcoming the Prince of Wales and to present a welcome address to draft which a sub-committee consisting of President and four other members has been formed. A sum of twenty thousand rupees has been sanctioned for decorations and another sub-committee has been appointed to be in charge of them.

## FORCIBLE SEIZURE OT SHRINES.

### GOVT'S OFFER OF SUSPENSION OF SENTENCES OF 25 ACCUSED.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, September 7.

The Punjab Government communique states:—In the spring of this year, a number of Sikhs were arrested for the forcible seizure of certain shrines in the Lahore and Sheikhupura districts. There were six such cases involving 64 accused. One case, with 39 accused, is still under trial, but in the remaining cases 25 accused persons have been sentenced to various terms of imprisonment.

It has been urged from various quarters, and notably by the Chief Khalsa Diwan, through a deputation, which approached the Government in July last, that these prisoners should be released. It is represented that the offences committed date from the period of excitement immediately following the Nankana incident, that they were without criminal intent, and due, in many cases, to religious enthusiasm and that they were, to some extent, excused by the impunity with which, apparently, similar actions had been committed during the previous winter.

The Government does not look on these as adequate excuses for the high-handed violence used by these men, accompanied as it was, in some cases, by theft of arms and valuables, and the trying Magistrate has properly declined to accept these considerations in convicting the accused. But the main object of the prosecutions was to serve as a deterrent to those who adopted illegal methods of redress in connection with the Gurdwara movement, and the cessation of such methods, which had taken place since the institution of these prosecutions, justifies the Government in believing that the action taken has been effectual in attaining the object aimed at. The Government has always expressed its sympathy with the cause of religious reform when carried out by lawful methods. The convictions which have been secured have been in some quarters represented as indicating a desire on the part of Government to repress the movement among the Sikhs for the removal of abuses in connection with the shrines, and the Government desires to make it clear, in the most marked way, that such representations are entirely devoid of foundation.

The Government have, therefore, decided that in the case of each of the 25 accused persons, the sentences passed shall be suspended on the understanding that the accused persons will in each case agree in writing to be of good behaviour to the satisfaction of Government during the term of the sentence, and, in particular, will promise not to attempt, or to encourage others to attempt, without legal sanction, to disturb the lawful possession of persons in the occupation of any religious institution or edifice or property attached thereto. If these conditions are, at any time, in the opinion of the Local Government, not fulfilled, the suspension of the sentences can be cancelled and the accused rearrested.

The above orders of suspension will cover what is known as the Chandarkot case in which the accused Kartar Singh was sentenced for an offence other than the forcible seizure of a shrine. The case still pending, viz., that of the Manak Gurdwara, will be dealt with separately after judgment is given. The Government trust that its motives in extending clemency in e case mentioned will not be misinterpreted and that the clemency will not be abused. If, in spite of the action taken attempts are made in future to seize the shrines, they will be dealt with under the law.

## A CHARGE AGAINST N. C. O. S.

### "AN INGENIOUS METHOD TO DUPE THE CREDELOUS."

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Sept. 7.

A press note states that a Ghazipur an ingenious method employed to dupe credulous and ignorant persons by Non-co-operators has been brought to light It was reported that a cloth merchant who had sent for English cloth from Calcutta received his consignment. When the parcel was opened all cloth was in shreds. This instance of the Divine displeasure or the supposed miraculous powers of Mr. Gandhi was sedulously advertised by Non-Co-operators, and many people came to see the miraculously pulverised cloth.

The miracle also excited the professional interest of Mr. J. N. Rakshit, F.C.S. (London), Analytical Chemist of Opium Factory. He examined some pieces of cloth brought to him by the cultivators, and his report, after analysis, proves the cloth had been treated with sulphuric acid and so destroyed. Mr. Rakshit having satisfied himself that sulphuric acid had been employed to destroy the cloth took another piece of cloth and himself destroyed it with sulphuric acid solution to show the villagers as to how it had been done. The note adds that the affair is an interesting example of the desperate straits to which non-co-operators are reduced and of the way in which they work on the ignorance and credulity of the simple people.

The Muslim inhabitants of Kodik—alpalayan (Tanjore District) have handed over to Mr. Yakoob Hoosain, Hon. Secretary of the Central Khalifat Committee, at the Tanjore Khalifat Conference on the 9th August, 1921, the sum of Rs. 1,085-7-7, being the amount collected by them for the hilafat and the Smmyrna Funds.

A Bangalore message states that burglaries suspected to be the work of a European gang have been frequent in South Parade area. Gunner Knapp and others of the above Battery are kept in custody pending further investigations as a result of searches.

## THE BOYCOTT OF FOREIGN GOODS.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—When Mahatma Gandhi with the whole country behind his back set himself in earnest to carry out the Bezwada programme of collecting a crore of rupees, puerile critics laughed at the idea and expressed themselves in cocksure terms that the amount would never be realised. Though these critics have grown wiser after the event, yet they are not slow to predict that the boycott of foreign goods will prove a dismal failure. We hope that time will again disillusion their minds and falsify their predictions. The boycott of foreign goods has by all means to be looked upon as the chief plank in the N.C.O. platform and its success is as much desirable from an economic point of view as from a political standpoint. The object of every patriotic and self-respecting Indian is and should be to make India an economically self-sufficing country and to win Swaraj within as short a time as possible. To gain this double purpose nothing will help us so much as the boycott of foreign goods.

From very early times India was both an agricultural and a manufacturing country. She was not only able to satisfy all her native requirements, but found a large produce to be exported to foreign countries. We have plenty of evidence to show that as early 3000 B.C. she carried on extensive trading operations with Babylon. Egyptian mummies dating from 2000 B.C. have been found to be wrapped in the finest Indian muslin, India also exported large quantities of her manufactured articles to Rome because we find the elder Pliny complaining that a large amount of Roman gold was annually absorbed by trade with India. This immense commercial prosperity continued almost down to the British occupation of India. The various invasions to which India fell a prey from the 11th century onwards, no doubt, badly affected Indian commerce, but with the firm establishment of the Mughal Empire Indian trade revived so that we are given a glowing picture of the trade and industry of India by the travellers, Bernier and Tavernier. And actually, it was this commercial prosperity that drew the attention of the foreign merchants towards the Indian coast

But with the British occupation of India the old and world-renowned industries began to decay owing to unfair competition from foreigners. The British industries had by that time been placed on a firm footing owing to the policy of mercantilism that was prevalent for more than two centuries, and when the British Government adopted free trade as the fiscal policy for India, naturally enough the native industries perished. In the words of H. H. Wilson, "the cotton and silk goods of India up to the period (1813) could be sold for a profit in the British market at a price from 50 to 60 per cent. lower than those fabricated in England. It consequently became necessary to protect the latter by duties of 70 and 80 per cent. on their value or by positive prohibition. Had this not been the case, had not prohibitory duties and decrees existed, the mills of Paisley and Manchester would have stopped at their outset and could scarcely have been again set in motion ever by the power of steam." As it was, they were created by the sacrifice of the Indian manufacture. "Had India been independent", continues Prof. Wilson, "she would have retaliated, would have imposed prohibitive duties upon British goods, and would have preserved her own productive industry from annihilation. This act of self-defence was not allowed her and India was left at the mercy of the stranger. British goods were thrust upon her without paying any duty and the foreign manufacturer employed the arm of political injustice to keep down and ultimately strangle a competitor with whom he could never have contended on equal terms." Thus India which was once—and that not very long ago—the greatest manufacturing country and whose merchandise from all the evidence we have, found a ready sale in foreign markets has been brought to the level of the poorest country in the world, with an annual *per capita* income of not more than Rs. 50—all by the adoption of a foolish and selfish policy in India. The result is that in the expressive words of Mr. Ranade, "the great Indian Dependency of England has come to supply the place of the old Colonies. The Dependency has come to be regarded as a plantation growing raw produce, to be shipped by British agents, in British ships, to be worked into fabrics by British skill and capital, and to be re-exported to the Dependency by British merchants to their corresponding British firms in India and elsewhere."

And now the question arises to all serious and thoughtful students: How are we to make India the economically self-sufficing unit that she was in former times? And the answer is, certainly not by a policy of drift, but by the vigorous encouragement of Swadeshi and the boycott of foreign goods. We want to revive our ancient Indian trade and commerce by reviving the latent creative force in India that seems to be apparently dead. The present system of education has been described as tending to create a slave mentality and here is a concrete proof. If you look into any of our modern shops, you will find as Dr. A. K. Koomaraswamy points out, none of our renowned and finest articles of Indian make, but every kind of imitation of the productions of European commerce differing from their unlovely prototypes only in their slightly inferior quality. To the true artist there is neither art nor beauty in these flimsy goods of foreign make.

The message of the spinning wheel may sound to some among us as a cry in the wilderness; but when we consider the matter deeply, the conviction is strongly brought home to our minds that it is the only message that can save India. Those who urge that the boycott will prove a failure urge the instance of Bengal some years back. But it has to be remembered that the conditions underlying the two movements are essentially dissimilar. The boycott that is being preached to-day is non-violent and constructive; non-violent because it is not based on hatred either towards the British or towards any other people; and constructive because of the expanded use of the Charkha. So the opinion that the boycott must fail is the result of either prejudice or misunderstanding or both. The whole country is witnessing a national awakening such as we have never before seen and the principle of the boycott has gone deep into the nation's soul, for, that is our only weapon both to make India an economically self-sufficing country and to win speedy Swaraj.—Yours, etc.,

K. R. SANKARA NARAYANAN,
B.A. (Hons.).

Parel, Aug. 22

## POLITICAL AGENT'S BANQUET SPEECH.

### KATHIAWAD PEOPLE DEMAND HIS RECALL.

(From a Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Sept. 9.

A most interesting meeting of the Executive Committee of the Katriawad Political Conference took place yesterday evening the conference office, the chief item of work being the Agent to the Governor's notorious Dhrangadra banquet speech. A record number of committee members were present. After a condolence resolution for the death of the heir apparent of Dhrangadra, was passed, the principal resolution on the Agent's speech was taken up for discussion. The original resolution of Mr. Kothari, condemning the speech and demanding recall of the Agent met with a vociferous cheering though a few had protested and an unusual number of amendments and riders were brought forward by members. The storm centre was the clause about the recall, which was opposed by some, while others maintained as just, appropriate and fit and only the right way of dealing with the bureaucrat who went out of his way to condemn and kill all public life in the province eventually. The following amended resolution was carried by a large majority in connection with the Agent's speech wherein defamatory statements against the Kathiawad public workers had been made by him.

This Committee says that he should produce his evidence in support of them, else he should withdraw them expressing his regret. If the Agent does not do that, he should be recalled by Government in the interests of the public good.

The resolution has created a great sensation here, it being the first instance when the Kathiawad public have spoken out so boldly against the highest representative of British Government.

## EUROPEAN CHARGED WITH CHEATING.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 7.

The Fifth Presidency Magistrate to-day commenced hearing of the case in which a young European, J. S. Cradock, was prosecuted on three separate charges of cheating. The Public Prosecutor, in opening the case, said that the accused who posed as a nephew of Sir Reginald Craddock, Lieutenant-Governor of Burma, picked up the acquaintance of Mr. Mackenize of the Imperial Bank at the Grand Hotel where both were residing. He informed Mr. Mackenzie that he had 10,000 shares in the Bandman Eastern Circuit Limited, and asked him to arrange for a loan of Rs. 6,000. Mr. Mackenzie gave him a letter to the Agent of the Central Bank and the accused received Rs. 6,000 with Mr. Mackenize as a guarantor on a mortgage of an allotment certificate for 10,000 shares in the Eastern Circuit. It was subsequently ascertained that the accused got an allotment letter for 10,000 shares by issuing a cheque for a lakh of rupees on the Chartered Bank when he had only Rs. 20 to his credit. The cheque was dishonoured. The accused next borrowed Mr. Mackenize's motor car for a day and pledged it with Mr. Karnani for Rs. 5,000. The hearing is proceeding.

## INDIAN RY COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

Statements have appeared in certain journals to the effect that the Indian Railway Committee have submitted their report to the Secretary of State, purporting to set forth the main conclusions arrived at by the Committee. The Associated Press is authorised to state that the Committee's report has not been signed and submitted to the Secretary of State, and any such report is therefore unauthorised An official summary will be issued and published in this country as soon as the report has been signed and submitted to the Secretary of State.

## MEDICAL HELP FOR ANATOLIA.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Could you direct the attention of the Executive of the Central Khilafat Committee, through the Columns of your Widely Circulated daily, to an immediate direct help to Smyrna and Anatolian sufferers in the form of an efficient medical deputation with competent attached staff, like the once recently arranged by Omar Toscon Pasha from Egypt. We are sure, our old hero of Bolkan War, Dr. Ansari would head it or atleast arrange an equally experienced and sacrificing substitute.—Yours, etc.

'ONE DESIROUS OF SERVING.'

Aligarh, Aug. 16.

An ordinary quarterly general meeting of the Bombay Postal Clerks' Club was held on Saturday the 3rd instant in the Marwadi Vidyalaya under the Presidency of Mr. S. C. Joshi, M.A., LL.B., the Hon. Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Postal Association, when several resolutions aiming at the amelioration of the condition of the postal clerks were unanimously passed.

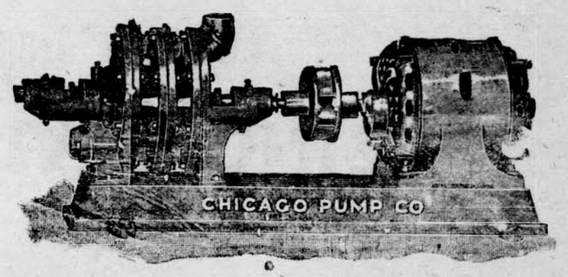
A mass meeting under the presidency of Seth Sobhagmal Mehta was held at Sheomagh (Ajmer) on Saturday night to hear Dunwar Chandkaran Sarda on cow protection and religious duty of Hindus to follow Non-cooperation. Resolution passed by the All-India Hindu Sabha at Brindaban. It was also resolved to boycott the Prince of Wale's visit to Ajmer.

# CHICAGO ELECTRIC HOUSE PUMPS BOTH A.C. & D.C.

Water supply in Bombay is generally inadequate. The municipality allows you water only at certain hours, but your needs cannot be constained to these particular hours only. You want water at your taps and in your latrine flushes all the 24 hours.

The best wayto have this is to instal a water tank on the top of your Building and pump the water into it at the time it is available in the mains and use it all 24 hours independently of muncipality.

You need a reliable house pump for this. We supply at a reasonable price.




## CHICAGO TELEPHONE SUPPLY CO.

P. O. BOX. No. 459, BOMBAY.


# COMMERCIAL

## BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay 9th Sept. 1921.

| | Market Rates |
|---|---|
| Bank Telegraphic | 1-3 5/8 |
| Bank Demand | 1-3 21/32 |
| Doc. Acceptance 3m/s | 1-3 1/8 |
| Fcs. Demand | 330 |
| American Dollars | 397 |
| Honkong Dollars | 2-10 |
| Shanghai | 279 |
| Japan | 187 |
| Singapore | 168 |

Market Steady

The Bank was closed on account of the Parsi New Year Eve.

## THE METAL MERCHANTS CO.

Revised rates for Brass and Copper

Daily Quotations.

9th Sept. 1921

| | Per Maund. | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brass | 3/4 | 78 | 0 | 0 |
| Do. | 1 | 78 | 0 | 0 |
| Do. | 1 1/4 | 78 | 0 | 0 |
| Do. | 11/2 | 78 | 0 | 0 |
| Do. | 1 3/4 | 82 | 0 | 0 |
| Do. | 2 | 82 | 0 | 0 |

## COPPER RATES.

Bombay, 9th Sept. 1921.

| | per Maund. | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Copper | 3/4 | 82 | 0 | 0 |
| Do. | 1 | 82 | 0 | 0 |
| Do. | 1 1/4 | 83 | 0 | 0 |
| Do. | 11/2 | 82 | 0 | 0 |
| Do. | 1 3/4 | 82 | 0 | 0 |
| Do. | 2 | 82 | 0 | 0 |
| Japanese Copper Bath | | | | not |
| Punch saka jotes | | 23 | 0 | 0 |
| Copper English Bath | | 89 | 0 | 0 |
| Brass Bath | | 38 | 0 | 0 |
| Lead | | 47 | 0 | |

## WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay Wheat and Seeds Daily Quotations Bazaar Rates.

9-0 p.m. 9th September 1921 Bazaar Terms

| Ready | Rs. | a | p |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat, White Delhi 70-30 | 86 | 0 | 0 |
| Wheat, White Cawnpore 70 30 | 85 | 0 | 0 |
| Wheat, Karachi Bangla | 88 | 0 | 0 |
| Rapeseed, Brown Delhi | 12 | 8 | 0 |
| Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore | 12 | 8 | 0 |
| Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore | 13 | 8 | 0 |
| Linseed, Brown Bold | 15 | 4 | 0 |
| Linseed, Brown Thin | 13 | 8 | 0 |
| Teaseed, White 85-15 | 90 | 0 | 0 |
| Teaseed, Gujar 75-25 | 85 | 0 | 0 |
| Teaseed, Black | 75 | 0 | 0 |
| Teaseed, Gujar 50-50 | 80 | 0 | 0 |
| Poppyseed, White | 15 | 8 | 0 |
| Groundnuts | 85 | 0 | 0 |
| Jowa | 83 | 0 | 0 |
| Mowraseed | 8 | 8 | 0 |
| Castoreed | 57 | 0 | 0 |
| Forward | Rs. | a. | p |
| Wheat April-May | 10 | 2 | 6 |
| wheat September | 11 | 8 | 6 |
| Linseed May. | 16 | 5 | 6 |
| Linseeds September | 16 | 13 | 3 |
| Cotton Seeds ready delivery | 42 | 0 | 0 |

## MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Sept. 9.

BULLION.

Bars gold ready, Rs. 29-12-6½.
Bars gold forward, Rs. 29-12-6.
Bars silver ready, Rs. 95-10-0.
Bars silver 1st Settlement, Rs. 95-10-0.
Bars silver 2nd Settlement, Rs. 94-14-0.

EXCHANGE.

On London—Bank's selling T T, 1/4-23/32.
Bank's selling D D, 1/4-3/4.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A, 1/5½.
Bank's buying T T, 1/4-25/32.
Bank's buying D D, 1/4-13/16.
Tone of Exchange—Steady.
On Paris—Bank's selling D D, Frcs 333.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A, Frcs 353.
Bank's buying D D, Frcs 343.
On Japan—Bank's selling T T, Rs. 186.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D F, Rs. 179.
On Hongkong—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 200.
On Singapore—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 168.
On New York—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 390.
London gold ready, sh. 110-10 d.
London silver ready, 38-7/8 d.
London silver forward, 38-3/8 d.
Tone of silver—India bought. America sold. Quiet.
American cross rate, Dollars 3,72½.
Paris cross rate, Frcs 48 60.
Italian cross rate, 85.50.
Swiss cross rate, 21.80.
German cross rate, Mrks 349.
Belgium cross rate, 49.60.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47, 84.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922, 100-10.
4 per cent Conversion Loan, 76.
4 per cent Terminable Loan, 97.
3½ per cent Paper, 55-8.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974, 65.
6 per cent Port Trust due 1930, 96.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974, 65.
6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49, 96.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974, 65.

FINANCE.

On account of the holidays, the volume of business put through in the Exchange market was small and the highest and the lowest rates of the market are 1/4-13/16 and 1/4-9/16 respectively. On the lower level the Banks are good sellers for T. T. chiefly for delivery in next year, as there are more bills for forward delivery than for ready. There was a small business done so far as the Banks are concerned in the Gold market and the price moved between Rs. 29-15-0 and Rs. 29-9-0. In the Bazar, a fair amount of business was done chiefly by speculators. The stock of gold has increased to about 1,50,000 tolas on account of some arrivals from the Persian Gulf.

Silver has been a firm market this week chiefly on account of a smaller shipment than expected from London by the last mail for September settlement. In consequences of the Bazaar purchases in London, the Shanghai exchange has improved in sympathy and the closing rate of sterling exchange is about 3s. 9d. per tael. Our stock is estimated at about 2,500 bars and the daily off-take has declined to about 50 bars including country bars silver. The tendency of the market depends on the attitude of local speculators.

SHARES.

The following are the closing rates of the 1st instant:—

COTTON MILLS.

Ahmedabad Advance 2775, Bombay Cotton 1405, Bombay Dyeing 1982/8, Century 1145, Central India 4960, Colaba Land 2970, Crescent 760, Currimbhoy 2140, Fazulbhoy 1690, Finlay 1385, Indian Bleaching 205, Indore Malwa 747/8, Kasturchand 1650, Kohinoor 3805, New Great 1185, Pearls 1422/8, Phoenix 1300, Shapurji 495 art, Simplex 1082/8, Swan 1335, Swadeshi 5255.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 805, Bombay Burma 555, Bombay Burma N I 157/8 xd, Bt Burma Petrol 14/8, Bombay Tramway 136/4, Bombay Steam 320, Indian Cement 45, Katni ord 300, Katni def 1400, New India Insurance 12 ans. prm, Tata ord 105, Tata def 600, Tata Hydro 960, Tata Oil 117/8, Tata Bank 25/8, Scindia Steam 11.

## SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

During the latter part of last week our market ruled very strong with good demand and prices for ready Sugars were advanced to Rs. 26-12, Ex-godown. Since then market remained closed till Tuesday and opened quieter owing to Sales made in our market of Mauritius Crystals about 3,000 tons September shipt at Rs. 1,800 per cwt. Free Bombay Harbour.

Forward positions are in good demand and a faith quantity has been sold in white Java September shipment C24-9 to 25-3 per cent. Free Bombay Harbour and October C24-6 to 24-9 F. B. Harbour.

Karachi and Calcutta markets remain steadier with good business doing. Java market is reported strong with good business doing and prices have been advanced 1 gilder all round.

Home and American markets are steady with small business doing. A fair business has been done the Belgian Granulated Sugar C24 per cwt. Free Bombay Harbour for Nov.-Dec. shift. Reports from Mauritius state that the Syndicate has commenced selling and about 75,000 Bags have been sold for Bombay C Rs. 17-8 to 18 C. I. F. Bombay.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T. M. O. Rs. 26-4, 25-9 F. B. Harbour stocks 80,000 Bags Mauritius 24 8.

## CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, September 9.

In coal shares market north Laikdih were in request and a fair number of shares changed hands. Jute shares were slightly easier there being more sellers than buyers for most stocks. In miscellaneous section cotton shares remained firm Dunbar and Kesorams being freely dealt in. Calcutta Oil and Cake were in request and British India Corporation shewed an improvement in price. Following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Bokaro and Ramgurh 39; Kalaphari 26-12; New Manbhoom (new issue) 62; North Damuda 10-6 x.d., North Laikdih 16; North-West (contry) 51-8 (prem); Seebpore 45 (prem); Standard 81.

Jute:—Ango-India 303; Auckland 212; Belvedere 357; Century 7-8; Clive 32-8; Fort Gloster 752; Fort William 286-8; Howrah 38 and (pref.) 97; Kamarhatty 800; Kanknarrah 419-8; Kelvin (pref) 101; Kinnison 865; Lansdowne 260; Naihati 416-8; National 236-8; Northbrook 58; Reliance 38-4 s.l., and (pref.) 98; Union 514.

Miscellaneous:—Anglo-Oriental Navigation 30-4; Assam Sugar 8; Agra United Mills 8-4; Bengal-Nagpur Cotton 494; Bowreah Cotton 1,045-8 x.d.; British India Corporation 12 and (pref.) 10; Calcutta Oil and Cake 11-4; Dunbar Cotton 516; Hooghly Flour 42-12; Imperial Bank (contry) 360; Kesoram Cotton 18-10; Kumardhubi Engineering 13-4; Naihati Jute (deb.) 95; New Pioneer Sugar 10-12; Tinnevelly Textiles 16-6; Titaghur Paper 26-8.

Government paper three and half per cent. quoted at Rs. 59 and small lots were done at Rs. 59-4. War Bonds short loans at 100-6, 1925 at 100-6, 1928 at 100-8 and 1930 and 1931 at 100-6 per cent.

Exchange:—Bank Telegraphic transfer one shilling four and eleven sixteenth pence and demand bills one shilling four bills one shilling four and twenty-three, and twenty-three thirty-two pence.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## BALASINOR INCIDENT.

### OFFICIAL VERSION.

The Huzur Secretary to the Nawab Saheb of Balasinor State, in Gujarat, writes to place the facts of the unhappy incidents that recently took place there. The following is a summary of his communication:—

On the 30th ultimo the Diwan returned from leave. At 6 p.m. a Mahomedan deputation asked him to send carpenters to prepare bases of private Tajias. The Diwan explained that the carpenters would not work free or in State Veth (Begar) but that he (Diwan) would pay from his own pocket if they wished to get them made on payment. The men insisted on their rights to take Veth when they were told to give it in writing and Diwan undertook to send the carpenters in the morning.

At 8 p.m. a mob began to throw stones on the Diwan's residence. They were mostly Mahomedans supported by white capped Hindu youths. At 9 p.m. windows were broken and the men rushed in when Valimahomed Ferrier of Godhra fired one shot in the air but the mob carried him away A head constable ran up and closed the door where the Diwan was. The crowd began to batter the door when Diwan himself opened the door and faced the assailants. He parried several blows but at last received a knife blow on his head. He received several sticks on his head. He again tried to address the crowd which when they saw him bleed, became pacified a little but demanded a written agreement not to lodge a complaint nor to levy any new tax. On Diwan's promising this, they left him. In the meantime the Nawab Saheb with Huzur Secretary had arrived and stones were thrown at them also. Next day the shops were closed and the tongas stopped plying. But on the Nawab Saheb's order, the people opened the shops.

Mr. Manilal Mehta, who came from Bombay, censured the people for violence. Nawab Saheb on advise of the Diwan has adopted conciliatory policy and no repression is restorted to. The Political Agent arrived to inquire into the matter and saw the Diwan twice for the purpose. On the 5th instant a large body of Hindus and Mahomedans headed by Mr. Mehta approached Nawab Saheb to apologise for the unhappy incidents and Mr. Mehta submitted copies of resolutions passed in a public meeting deploring the event. Quiet is restored.

A Lahore correspondent writes:—

"Maulana Sayed Habibshah, editor of the "Siyasat" who was convicted under Section 124 A, of the I. P. C. and who is undergoing three years' rigorous imprisonment was removed from the Lahore jail on the evening of the 6th September to the Mianwali Jail.

A Nasik message of September 8th says:—The opening ceremony of the District Central Co-operative Bank Nasik, was performed in the Municipal buildings by Mr. Madan, I.C.S., Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Societies.


# ASTHMA

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The "Amrita Bazar Patrika," Sunday, July 2, 1899.
ASTHMA CURE

TO THE EDITOR,

Sir,—It will be glad tidings to Asthma patients to hear that they can obtain immunity from their terrible sufferings by trying a simple asthma cure which has come to my knowledge. Babu J. P. Ray is a discoverer of this specific. He is a charitable man and distributes medicine "gratis." A good many persons afflicted with this fell disease in Benares have been radically cured by using his medicine. There are a good many prescriptions which give relief from Asthma temporarily, but there is perhaps no recognised medicine which cures it. The suffering world should, therefore, hail with delight the appearance of a medicine of this kind, Babu J. P. Ray has got a pamphlet printed which gives a description of his treatment and the names of men who have benefited by its use and where it is available to the public. This is a marvellous remedy and I would strongly recommend the sufferers from Asthma to make application to the Babu at Durga Kund Road, Benares City.

Correspondent S. M. L.

NOTE—J. P. Ray is alive. This is the best time for taking the specific.

Present address:—
J. P. RAY, K. P. RAY, 5, Benares City.
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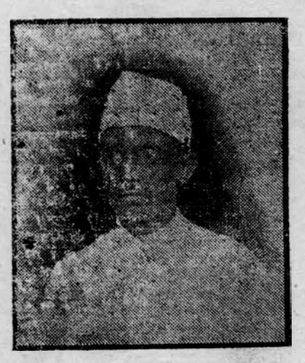

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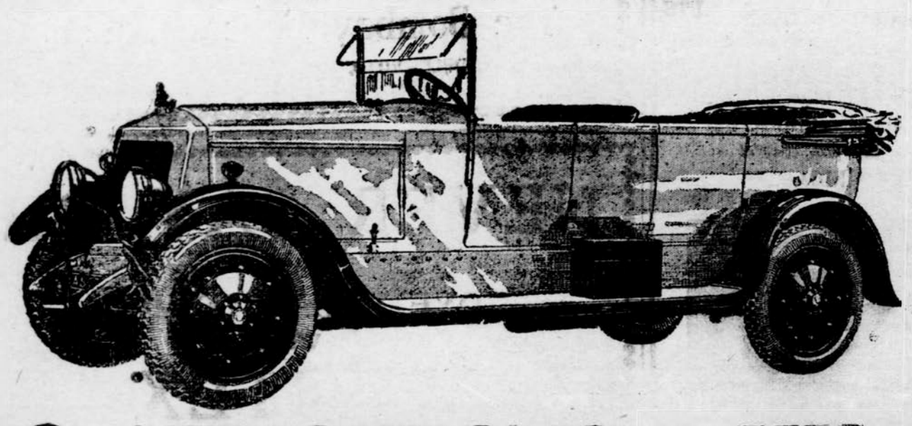

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## MRS. BESANT AND DIARCHY

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will you allow me to say a few words about a point raised by you in your article "A Mutual Admiration Society" in regard to the attitude of Mrs. Besant and those of her way of thinking towards the question of Diarchy? In that article you have raised many points, but as your standpoint of vision is so different from that of Mrs. Besant it would, perhaps, be fruitless to write about them; but about the question of diarchy it is not a question of temperament or of point of view but of facts and I hope you will allow me to state them.

You say Mrs. Besant was a supporter of diarchy and do not forgive her for saying that the introduction of diarchy in the Central Government now would be a backward step, such an assertion on her part being a "volte-face." You argue that if diarchy is a backward step in the Central Government it should presumably be a backward step in the Provincial Governments also, and wonder how it is that Mrs. Besant wants that the diarchy in the Provincial Governments should be successfully worked. To understand the issue raised by you, it is necessary to recapitulate a little.

You know the earliest demand of the Indian National Congress for Swaraj as a practical measure was embodied in what is known as the Congress-League Scheme. It contained no diarchy. Mrs. Besant was one of the supporters of the Scheme, was perhaps its originator. In the Special Congress of Bombay this Congress-League Scheme had to be reconsidered in the light of the Montagu-Chelmsford Report and that Congress accepted diarchy in the Provincial Governments in order to have it in the Central Government, in which the Montagu-Chelsmford Report had given little or no power to the people. At the time of the Bombay Special Congress the whole country stood by the Congress and had accepted diarchy in the provinces. The Nationalist party had joined the Congress and half of the Moderate party was also there. Those Moderates who had remained outside also agreed to diarchy, as may be seen from the proceedings of the Moderate Conference then held by them.

There were thus two ways of transferring power to the people. One, as exemplified in the Congress-League Scheme, i.e., without diarchy; the other with diarchy as embodied in the Montagu-Chelmsford Report and the Reform Act, and as accepted by the country in the Bombay Special Congress. Either of these ways was an advance on what obtained in the pre-Reform days. Out of these two schemes, which was to be accepted by the country and demanded from Parliament was largely a matter of policy. The Congress, for various considerations chose diarchy. To call this diarchy a step in advance was and is no more the fault of Mrs. Besant than that of so many other leaders of the country who had at first stood by the Congress-League Scheme and who had later supported the resolutions of the Bombay Special Congress." Between diarchies with responsible ministers and popular legislatures with irremoveable executive, which is the better? But there is scarcely any doubt that either of these was an advance on what existed before the Reform Act. It is extremely unjust in these circumstances to blame Mrs. Besant for having supported diarchy with everybody else.

You seem to make great capital out of Mrs. Besant's assertion about diarchy when saying that Mrs. Besant has now discovered that the diarchy in the Central Government would be a step in the wrong direction. Let us examine the matter a little closely. There is no diarchy in the Central Government now. So there are two possibilities of progress: one, the introduction of diarchy and the other the introduction of responsibility without diarchy. Both would be forward steps compared with what existed in the days before the Reform Act. Under the Reform Act there is no statutory responsibility to the people in the Central Government though there is the pressure of public opinion as expressed through the elected majorities in the Legislatures. Should we now demand diarchy and get responsibility in a few departments? Or should we ask for a voluntary surrender of autocracy on the part of the executive? The convention is growing, and in the reserved subjects in the Central Governments there is already willingness to respect the voice of the legislatures. Should we foster this convention and ask for a declaration of voluntary assumption of responsibility on the part of the Executive or should we weaken the convention by demanding definite transfer of subjects to the care of Ministers, is a question on which differences are possible. But surely a person who prefers convention can do so without being accused of meaning that diarchy was no advance on pre-Reform days?

Diarchy in the Central Government will not be possible without Parliamentary statute. It is not likely that Parliament would entertain any new legislation about India, having passed an Act only two years ago with the understanding that the Act would not be changed for ten years. The only alternative is the growth of convention and a voluntary assumption of responsibility by the Executive. If this is introduced it would be possible to get the whole Government under popular control without going to Parliament, i.e., without waiting for ten years. And such a convention would apply to all departments. It is already there as a seed. Hence it is that Mrs. Besant considers diarchy in the Central Government as a backward step. You may or may not agree with her view. But it is surely unjust that you should take her words out of their proper setting and apply them to the existing provincial diarchies and contend that they are no advances at all, as the opponents of the Reform Act are trying to make out.—Yours, etc.,

R. S. BHAGVAT.

Thana, Sept. 2.

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A correspondent, writing from Bhusaval, says that the distinctive feature of this year's Ganapati Festival at Bhusawal was the participation by a large number of Mahomedans in the Ganapati procession. Khilafat volunteers, along with other volunteers, are said so have helped in making the procession a success.

A Rewari correspondent writes:—

Messrs. Dunichand, Shamlal Desri and Nekram Sharma arrived Rewari on the 7th instant. A mass meeting was held under the presidentship of Lala Meetsaddilal Desai where the questions of the Begar and police fear were dealt with. Mr. Dunichand explained the necessity, the scope and meaning of Swaraj and told that Non-Cooperation was the only means of emancipation of India. He exhorted the audience to liberate themselves from slavery. Shamlalji explained the need and effect of khaddar and appealed to give up foreign clothes. Mr. Nekeram dealt with the coming Municipal elections and appealed to send in Congress and Khilafat men only.

A Nagpur message states:—

Baboo Govindas of Jubbulpore reached Bhandara on the 7th instant. The same day public meeting was held where he and others addressed on Swadeshi to about two thousand people. Ganpatrao Pande subscribed five thousand for Rashtriya Hindi Mandir. On eighth he arrived at Nagpur. He will stay here for 2 or 3 days and then will proceed to Raipur, Bilaspur, Chindwara, Seoni, and other places.

A Calcutta menage states:—

Eight Ooriya coolies who had resolved not to handle foreign cloth and a Khilafat volunteer were arrested on charge of obstructing coolies carrying bales of foreign cloth and remanded to custody.


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these two beautiful women—culture, manners, breeding flung in an instant to the winds—fighting like maddened tigresses—in his room—for the man they loved,

"Here's to those who loveus

If we only cared.

Here's to those whom we'd love

If we only.. dared."

A butterfly woman's toast to the husband of a too wifely wife. Until at last he "dared" But the wife was still young and—

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**Ulcerated Leg.**—Mg. Kyaw Zaw, 20, Babu Hakak Lane, Ballygunge, P.O., Calcutta, writes: "The remarkable healing powers of Zam-Buk cannot be too highly esteemed. The way it completely cured bad ulcers on my face and back from which I had suffered for eighteen months was simply marvellous. As a soothing healer Zam-Buk is unparalleled."

**Fiery Eczema.**—Mr. S. D. Parekh, 40, Medow St., Fort, Bombay, says: "I suffered from an obstinate attack of eczema. I was treated by several doctors and used lots of ointments and salves, but nothing could relieve the dreadful inflammation and itching. A friend told me about herbal Zam-Buk, and thanks to its marvellous curative power, I was completely cured."

**Itchy Ringworm.**—Gulabrai Bamabhai, Dholakia, Rajkot, Kathiawar, writes: "I have great pleasure in informing you that I have used Zam-Buk most beneficially. The complaint for which I specially needed it was ringworm. The irritation was very distressing, but I am now quite cured."

**Bleeding Piles.**—"I suffered severely from bleeding piles," writes Bhupati Bhusan Shaha, Surveyor, Seminary Rd., Muzaffarpur. "Ordinary medicines had no effect so I became very weak. However, when I began to use Zam-Buk the bleeding stopped, and I felt much better. Further regular applications of this soothing balm resulted in my distressing complaint being banished."

**Cut & Bruises.**—Mr. H. C. Mytle, of Railway Mandi, Kohtak, Punjab, writes: "At one time our hockey team would have one man or another hurt and unable to play for some time. We tried innumerable ointments and lotions, but all were inadequate to quickly soothe and heal our cuts, bruises, and sprains. A friend advised us to get Zam-Buk. We did so, and now, whenever a man is hurt during play, Zam-Buk is applied, and he is soon fit again."

**Bites & Stings.**—"I am glad to testify" writes Mrs. A. M. Jackson, of Christmas Island, Straits Settlements, Singapore, "to the remarkable efficacy of Zam-Buk in soothing and speedily healing the bites of mosquitos. I came out here provided with Zam-Buk for insect bites and stings. Friends offered various other remedies, but Zam-Buk beats all as a soother and healer."

**Poisoned Toes.**—"My wife," writes Mr. U. S. Johns, Battery Rd., Apollo Bunder, Bombay, "felt irritation under her toes. Blisters formed and the whole under-surface broke into eruption. The skin was scaly; the flesh went black, the itching was unbearable. Zam-Buk proved simply wonderful. The swelling and burning irritation subsided, and after applying Zam-Buk for a few days, my wife was able to get her boot on. Zam-Buk alone healed and saved her foot."

**Burns and Scalds.**—Mr. Satischandra Ganguly, L.M.S., 69, Amherst Street, Calcutta, writes: "I had a very bad case of ulceration due to scalds. The wound was very foul and suppurating profusely. I at once cleansed the parts, and saw to the immediate application of Zam-Buk. As a result, the discharge of corrupt matter completely stopped, and the wound began to look much healthier. In a few days all the burning and and itching had ceased, and the scalds were perfectly healed."

**Tormenting Itch.**—Mr. V. D. Deivanayagam, c/o D. Sigamony, Dewans Office, Trivandrum, says: "I was a victim to that horrible skin-disease, itch. Though treated by the apothecary for over a month the disease spread all over my body. I despaired of ever being well again. Happening to read about Zam-Buk, I immediately sent for some. The relief Zam-Buk brought was simply marvellous, and in a short time I was thoroughly rid of the awful disease."

**Sore Feet.**—Mr. S. C. Da's, of the S.S.S. Rys, Kalaw, Upper Burma, says: "I used Zam-Buk upon my sore perspiring toes, which were very troublesome all the year round, but particularly during the rains. The effect was so marvellous that I continued the treatment. Since then I have had no return of foot sores whatever. Zam-Buk proved also invaluable for my son's scalp trouble."

**Awful Boils.**—Mr. Chas. Arnott, late 1st Liverpool Regiment, writes: "Whilst at Taragarh, in Ajmere, painful boils broke out all over me. Medicines appeared to do no good, and the boils grew more numerous. One day I had no less than eighteen lanced. In Rajputana, I went into hospital, but the treatment there failed. For a whole year I had despaired of a cure, when I was induced to try Zam-Buk. It was magical in soothing away pain, and it entirely rid me of the boils within a month."

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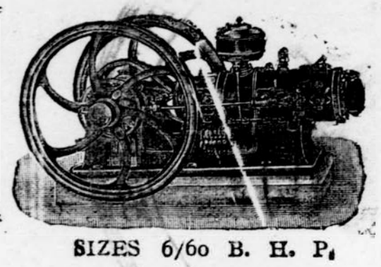

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